

# The Manassas Journal

VOL. XX. No. 8.

MANASSAS, VA., FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1914.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

## PETITION FILED TUESDAY

Total Number of Signatures for State-Wide Election is 69,936—Both Sides Confident.

Secretary of the Commonwealth B. O. James Tuesday morning certified to Governor Henry C. Stuart that 69,936 qualified voters have petitioned for the holding of an election on the question of state-wide prohibition, in accordance with the terms of what is known as the enabling act. Certificates from court clerks all over the state poured into the office of the secretary Monday, the last day under the act for the receipt of such petitions. Under the law the Governor has ten days in which to consider the petition, and in which time any parties desiring to question its accuracy may come forward. He will then call the election for September 22, and if a majority of the voters of the state are for prohibition at that time, the state is to go dry on and after November 1, 1916.

The actual petitions remain a part of the records of the circuit and corporation courts, where they may be inspected by any persons desiring to challenge their accuracy. Each petition is accompanied by the certificate of the person circulating the same, to the effect that each person whose name is attached personally signed in his presence, and affirmed that he is a qualified voter. There is no provision in the law for checking the lists to ascertain if each signer is a qualified voter, but the law provides that if any person knowingly signs such a petition without being legally qualified, he shall be liable to a fine. It was made the duty of the clerks of courts to indorse on such petitions the date of filing, and to forthwith certify to the Secretary of the Commonwealth the number of petitioners.

These certificates were compiled Monday in the office of Secretary of Commonwealth James, with the result that it was shown that 69,936 persons stating themselves to be qualified voters have petitioned the Governor to call an election for or against state-wide prohibition on September 22. Of this number, 57,356 came from the counties of the state and 12,580 from the cities. Norfolk leads the list with a petition signed by 2,187 voters, the Richmond petition having but 1,976 names. Temperance leaders Monday explained that Richmond has had better regulations for midnight and Sunday closing, and has generally handled the license situation with less cause for complaint than has been the case in Norfolk. No petitions were received from the city of Hampton or from the counties of Dickenson, Dinwiddie, Greene, Highland and King George.

The petition as prepared for consideration of the Governor has nearly four times the number of names in it than the calling of the election. Under the act it was provided that the Governor would call an election on petition of one-fourth as many qualified voters as voted in the last state election for Governor. The last election for Governor was one in which there was no contest, and only 72,417 votes were cast, according to the journal of the House of Delegates, the required number of petitioners, therefore, being 18,105.

There are no exact figures available as to the total qualified vote in Virginia at this time, but it is believed to be close to 150,000. It will be seen, therefore, that nearly one-half of the entire electorate has joined in petitioning for the state-wide election.

While no direct statements were issued by either side Monday night, both preferring to await the formal presentation of the certificate to the Governor, the figures were variously construed. Anti-Saloon leaders are confident that by no means all who will vote dry have been secured as signers of petitions, and as the petitions were circulated by dry men exclusively, it is contended that all signers may be counted for that side. Officers of the Anti-Saloon League of Virginia would venture no figures, but other dry leaders held that out of a vote of 150,000 the dry side should poll from 90,000 to 100,000.

## WHEAT GROWING CONTEST

A Five Acre Wheat Growing Contest for Prince William's Farmers in 1915.

BY W. M. BROWN, (Field Agent Southern Railway). During a recent trip of inspection on five acre corn demonstrations at Nokesville several of the farmers asked me why they could not have a five acre wheat contest carried out in the same way as the corn contest. The interest in the corn growing contest has waxed warm, and will be still warmer before the prizes are awarded this fall. We expect some remarkable yields of corn and have every evidence that Prince William's records of corn growing will be smashed.

I can promise the farmers of Prince William county that we will have a five acre wheat growing contest for 1915. Of course the seeding will all be done in 1914, and it is high time that all are making preparations of land for seeding.

Start now. Select the five acres of land best suited to wheat or that suits you best. Plow it as early as possible and keep fallowed during the summer months. Lime at the rate of a 1,000 pounds per acre, even more can be used if it is wanted. The commercial fertilizers can be used at the time of seeding the wheat. We will discuss kinds of fertilizers to use in another article. A cowpea sod is a fine place to select for the five acres. One man made 38 bushels per acre this year without fertilizer by plowing under a crop of cowpeas and liming.

## HOUSEKEEPERS ENTERTAIN

Groveton and Stone House Clubs Feast Other Clubs at Groveton Pavilion Yesterday.

The pavilion at Groveton presented an air of unwonted festivity yesterday, when the Good Housekeepers' Clubs of Groveton and The Stone House entertained at luncheon the Manassas, Hickory Grove and Catharpin Clubs. As the husbands of the members of the five clubs were also guests, there were about one hundred and fifty persons in attendance.

No mere man can be expected to describe adequately or accurately the costumes or the menu; but there were sandwiches of many kinds and their goodness attested the excellent merits of a good housekeeper's club. There were salads, and chicken, ice creams and other things good to eat.

The tables were decorated with the club colors of the Groveton and Stone House Clubs, and were most gracefully served by a coterie of ladies from that neighborhood.

After the delightful social intercourse which the occasion afforded, and the luncheon, to which every one did ample justice, Mrs. Breazeale presented Mr. Geo. C. Round, who gave a very interesting sketch of the Indian woman, with the unpronounceable name, to whom, in a large measure, was due the success of the Lewis and Clarke expedition, and to whom a statue was erected. Mr. Round was at first under the impression that she was the only woman in America to whom a statue had been erected, but it was suggested that the list has been increased by a statue to Frances Willard, and by one to the Goddess of Liberty.

Mrs. Breazeale gave an exceedingly interesting and instructive talk on canning. Her auditors listened closely, and asked numerous pertinent questions, showing their deep interest.

## GREAT IRISH ORATOR HERE

Michael J. Fanning Holds Audience in Temperance Lecture, "Render Unto Caesar."

[Reported for JOURNAL by George C. Round.]

The great Irish temperance orator, Michael J. Fanning, came to Manassas under the auspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, having made an engagement with that organization for eighty addresses in the state during the canvass for state-wide prohibition.

His address on Friday night fulfilled every expectation and announcement. "The finest speech I ever heard" came from every side. "He proved every point he made," said one of our prominent business men. "Not a word of abuse against those who did not agree with him, he presented an array of facts absolutely convincing," said another of our leading citizens.

The speaker was introduced by Rev. Mr. Eagle, rector of the Haymarket Episcopal church, who presided and referred to his own observations of prohibition in Loudoun, Louisa and Montgomery counties and expressed his ardent sympathy with the effort to drive the liquor traffic from Virginia.

Mr. Fanning began by a brief reference to the methods adopted by workers for temperance. At no step had the forces of righteousness received the slightest aid from those engaged in the business of making money out of the depraved appetites of their fellowmen. It was first proposed to appeal to the drinker to secure from him a pledge to total abstinence.

The liquor dealers met this with denouncing the effort as "fanaticism" and interfering with a legitimate business. Many individuals were, no doubt, benefitted, but the evil still grew to tremendous proportions and something had to be done. The idea of regulating the evil by licensing it and securing a revenue from it was urged as the proper thing. This was fought bitterly by the liquor sellers, who claimed that "moral suasion" was the proper thing. Notwithstanding the general adoption of the license system, the evil grew and the revenue was found to be a mere bagatelle compared with the immense cost in misery, poverty and crime. Then our wise men said, "the trouble is that the license isn't high enough" and the "high license" system was adopted against the most strenuous efforts of those engaged in the business. As this proved a failure, local prohibition was adopted by temperance advocates and the liquor dealers said, "No, the proper thing is regulation. Don't let any man sell except a man of good character. Don't let it be sold except at good places and at certain hours."

Local prohibition accomplished a great deal and began to reduce the evil in certain limited areas, but the wet spots became wetter and from these plague spots the liquor flowed out over the dry territory and in self-defence the communities thus threatened inaugurated the plan of "state-wide prohibition," which is supplemented with a powerful demand for a constitutional amendment which shall bring about "nation-wide prohibition." Now, the agents and attorneys of the traffic have discovered the great benefits that have come from "local option." Knowing that their business is threatened with total annihilation, they are organizing "local self-government leagues" and attempting to be-log the situation by showing how

## SUFFERS FROM SNAKE BITE

Miss Lucy Payne Stung by Copperhead Moccasin—Serum Aids Recovery.

Miss Lucy Payne, who makes her home with her brother, Mr. J. A. Payne, near Buckhall, suffered intense pain Monday night from the bite of a copperhead moccasin snake.

She was struck about 7 p. m. while descending from the porch to the yard. No alarm was felt at first but soon her foot began to swell. Two hours later Dr. Meredith was summoned, and when the doctor reached the patient, about 11 p. m., he found her in an extremely dangerous condition. The injured limb was swelling rapidly, her heart was very weak, and she was in agony.

Four doses of serum were administered, the pain was lessened and the swelling decreased. Miss Payne is now on the road to recovery.

The family stated that another moccasin had been recently killed in that vicinity, and although they generally travel in pairs, no attempt was made to locate the second reptile.

## DIES FOLLOWING ACCIDENT

Charles Hoskins, Colored, Injured By Falling Rock in Sewer Trench Near Town.

Charles Hoskins, a colored man employed in the sewer construction works in Manassas, died this morning following a cave-in yesterday which resulted in a broken leg and possibly other injuries. The accident occurred at the lower end of the sewer in the northwest section of the town.

## CAVE-IN AT DUMFRIES

Barytes Mine, Long Operated by Detrick Brothers, Falls in New Shaft.

The barytes mine, which has been for many years connected with the industrial welfare of Dumfries, caved in Sunday evening, and the laborers employed are out of work until a new shaft is sunk.

The company had expected to suspend operation on July 15, but the intention was forestalled by the cave-in. It is said that the business has never missed a payday for twenty-three years.

The new shaft in contemplation by the owners, Messrs. Detrick Brothers, of Baltimore, is to be 20 feet long, 12 feet wide and 800 feet deep.

## A SURPRISE

It is probable that the following letter will create surprise in this community as well as in other sections of the state:

LYNCHBURG, Va., July 11, 1914.  
EWELL CAMP,  
Prince William, Va.

Dear Sir:—

As adjutant of the Garland-Rodes Camp, U. C. V., I was instructed to write to the various camps of Confederate veterans of the state, soliciting their cooperation in the restoration of the true flag of Virginia. Gen'l Munford, who is thoroughly informed, says we are living under a bogus Pierpont flag which was foisted upon us in 1865. We have made ineffectual attempts to restore the true flag. Perhaps a united effort on the part of all the camps of Virginia may have better success. Please let me hear from you.

Yours truly,  
THOS. C. MILLER,  
Adjutant Garland-Rodes Camp,  
U. C. V.  
Major S. P. Halsey, Commander.

## HOSES COMING TO SHOW

Exhibitors Wire Secretary to Hold Stalls—Grounds in Excellent Shape.

Mr. C. J. Meetze, secretary and manager of the Prince William Horse Show Company, advises us that Bowles Brothers, of Boyce, are coming to the Manassas show with their great string of horses, and have engaged eight loose box stalls. Mrs. Allen Potts has also made her reservations, and Mr. Mitchell Harrison has wired the secretary to save nine stalls.

President Hazen writes that a number of Washington men will be present. The prospects are most flattering for the best show ever held here, says Secretary Meetze. The company has added a new class—No. 54, Ladies' Saddle Class, in which three prizes, fifteen, seven and three dollars, are offered.

The secretary says the grounds are in excellent shape and plans are daily formed to insure a successful show.

## Missionary Meeting

The Woman's Baptist Missionary Union will be held in the Baptist church at Herndon, July 23 and 24. Two sermons each day, morning and afternoon.

All delegates to be entertained will please send their names as early as possible to Mrs. R. A. Lynn, Herndon, Fairfax county, Va.

ANNIE S. WHITE,  
Secretary.



# THE KITCHEN CABINET

**I**F YOU want a thing will it don't merely wish it. The Chinese say "great souls have wills, feeble ones have only wishes."

## VALUE OF SKIM MILK.

Many people have an idea that skim milk is not of any value as a food, which proves that we do not study food values enough. Skim milk has all the valuable properties of milk minus the cream, which are many. The casein is left, which is the protein food of milk, and is most valuable as a builder of tissue.

If you can spare it from the pig, let the little people have it to drink instead of water. If it must be bought, you can buy two or three quarts of the skim milk for the price of one quart of whole milk, and many most desirable dishes may be made with it which can not be told from that made of whole milk.

For example, the much-liked Indian pudding, which is made of corn, most two quarts of milk, a cup of suet, sugar and a few raisins and an egg or two. The skim milk may be used exactly as well as the fat is all supplied by the suet. Mothers of large families would do well to study the value of skim milk and buy much of it, instead of so much of the whole milk. A pitcher of milk on the table will be a great food saver in other more expensive foods.

Skim milk alone, of course, would be an unbalanced ration, but combined with other foods which supply its fat, it makes a most acceptable addition to the diet.

All the various creamy soups which are made from milk can be just as well made from the skim milk, and no one need know the difference. For those who use milk in bread it is also valuable. For white sauces, for cakes, muffins, griddle cakes, biscuit and in fact anywhere the whole milk is used skimmed milk may be substituted.

Rice and tapioca can be cooked with skim milk, and it will be found good. When baking ham or chicken in milk, which is a favorite dish with many, the skim milk may be used at much less expense.

**Codfish Chowder.**—Take a half pound of codfish, a quarter of a pound of salt pork, a half dozen potatoes, three onions all sliced, two quarts of skim milk, salt and pepper. Cut the pork into dice and put into a large kettle; try out until brown, add the onions and stir until yellow, add the potatoes sliced and sufficient water to cover. Have the codfish soaked and shredded; add when the potatoes are nearly done, then add the scalding milk, seasonings, a half dozen crackers. Serve hot.

*Nellie Maxwell*

# THE KITCHEN CABINET

**I**F I should be asked to name the quality most necessary to the best type of man, I should undoubtedly choose optimism, for with it are sure to be associated ambition, enthusiasm and self-confidence. —Lloyd

## MAPLE SUGAR DAINTIES.

The season will soon be upon us when we can look for maple sugar in all its tempting forms. The tender waffle hearts are set upon its crisp or soggy, and soon like maple syrup made of corn and coffee lasts but a scant five minutes and is gone. —Myrtle Reed.

There is nothing in the sirup line which takes the place of the real maple sirup; but, alas, it is so often adulterated that even the sugar itself cannot be trusted. Our pure food laws are striving valiantly to produce the proper label, and now when we eat corn cobs and molasses we at least are treated honestly if we know enough to read the label.

If one has never visited a sugar camp when it is in operation, there is surely a new sensation coming. There are numerous sugar camps all over the country, and when one thinks of the "exact" hospitality of these camps when daily 15 or 20 interested sight-seers drive in to determine what it is still a constant wonder that there is enough to put upon the market.

**Maple Filling for Cakes.**—Put into a sauce pan a cup of cream and two cups of broken maple sugar. Heat slowly until the sugar is dissolved, then boil until it hardens in water. Take at once from the fire and stir and spread on the cake.

**Maple Nougat.**—Boil two cups of maple sugar and a half cup of cream and a tablespoonful of butter until waxen when dropped in cold water, then add a cup of chopped nuts, and pour, while hot, over plain ice cream. This is the most delicious of nougat or creams.

A very dainty biscuit may be made by preparing a baking powder biscuit dough, roll out and spread with butter, maple sugar and chopped nuts. Roll up and cut like cinnamon rolls. Bake in hot oven. These may be served as dessert with a hot sauce.

*Nellie Maxwell*

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Continued From First Page  
sons have the exclusive right in the interest of their business, to ruin the boys of the state and to destroy the happiness of our women and girls.

Mr. Fanning closed with a most eloquent reference to the tragedy of the Titanic. "Women and children first" was the cry of the men. John Jacob Astor placed his wife in the life-boat and assisted the crying and poorly dressed women and children from the steerage and went back to his death with a heroism which will make his name immortal. The captain met the crew of 800 stalwart seamen and said, "Remember, you are Britons—women and children first." The morning the world read of the Titanic, a shudder of horror went through the land. Then every man lifted his head and walked with a prouder tread, as he knew how these Anglo-Saxon men glorified themselves and their ancestry.

So let the voters of Virginia march to the polls in September and cast a ballot for their women and children.

It is impossible for any reporter to accurately record the witty and wise sayings of Mr. Fanning or to reproduce his inimitable manner. His references to the quotations in The Trumpeter from President Wilson and Jefferson Davis, resurrected from history long gone by, shows the weakness of these new champions for "local option."

The letter of Jefferson Davis, written long before the temperance reform had reached its present attitude, shows that Mr. Davis specially condemned "local option" as "a disguised enemy to state sovereignty." And yet these valiant defenders of the saloon now are shouting for "local option." Where is their regard for Jefferson Davis? The people of Mississippi knew all about the Jefferson Davis letter. And yet Mississippi is today the driest state in the Union. The people of his native state followed Jefferson Davis when they thought he was right and refused to follow him when they thought he was wrong. You hear in some states that "prohibition doesn't prohibit," but you don't hear it from Jefferson Davis' own state of Mississippi.

The Local Self-Government League doesn't prosper there. So about Woodrow Wilson's opinion. When, years ago, the Anti-Saloon League of New Jersey was crying "local option" as the next step in temperance reform, Mr. Wilson, as "president of Princeton University," de-

clared himself in favor of "local option." Take note of his language. "Every self-governing community, which constitutes a local unit, should have the right to control the matter." Is not the state of Virginia a local unit which has a right to govern itself? Since he has been president of the United States, Mr. Wilson has never given any sentiment in opposition to the right of Virginia, his native state, to control its own affairs. Mr. Bryan, his Secretary of State, says that every political unit from the smallest corporation up to the sovereign state, has the right to rule itself in its internal policy. Mr. Fanning is the oldest prohibition orator of the world. He has made 18,000 addresses and been in every state-wide fight from Kansas to West Virginia and is engaged for the coming year in Oregon, Washington, California and Texas. Our people think as he opened the Virginia campaign on this historic first battlefield, that he should close it here September 21. When he comes again, all outdoors will hardly be able to get within hearing distance. The effect on his audience was shown by the collection he took for the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. The dollar bills fell into the baskets from those who generally give nickels. One little newsboy, 10 years old, a member of the Loyal Temperance Legion, drew all his savings from the bank, amounting to six dollars, which he was saving to get him a wheel, and brought it to the president of the local union. She said, "My boy, we don't need all this. Virginia is going dry anyway. Take back five dollars and get you a wheel to ride out and bring in the voters on September 22."

The exercises of this opening were enlivened by a volunteer choir which sang "Onward, Christian Soldiers," "State-Wide, State-Wide, We'll Sing the Jubilee," and "We're Out for Prohibition," to the tune of Dixie.

Rev. Mr. Aderholt, of the Lutheran church, offered the opening prayer and Rev. Mr. Roads, of the Methodist church, pronounced the benediction. Since Manassas went dry by a vote of 2 1/2 to 1, a more enthusiastic gathering has not been held on these historic plains.

Office: No. 115 N. Union Street.  
Factory: No. 111 N. Lee Street.

## DEEDS, NOT WORDS

Manassas People Have Absolute Proof of Deeds at Home.

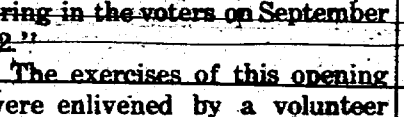
It's not words but deeds that prove true merit. The deeds of Doan's Kidney Pills, for Manassas kidney sufferers, have made their local reputation. Proof lies in the testimony of Manassas people.

Mrs. S. W. Cooksey, Center St., Manassas, Va., says: "I was in poor health, brought about by chills and fevers. The trouble seemed to affect my kidneys. Not a day passed without a severe attack of backache and pain across my hips. I was often unfit for work. My kidneys acted irregularly and I had other symptoms of kidney complaint. I used two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills and they removed the trouble. It has never returned."

The above statement must carry conviction to the mind of every reader. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy, ask distinctly for Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mrs. Cooksey had—the remedy backed by home testimony. Use all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. "When Your Back is Lame—Remember the Name." 7-17-21

## YOU CAN SHARE IN THE GREAT SAVING

On Commercial Fertilizers By The Use Of



## CRIMSON CLOVER

Good Farmers Bulletin No. 579 on Crimson Clover Its Free—Address U. S. Dept. of Agriculture Washington, D. C.

A bushel of Crimson Clover Seed sown on four acres of ground will increase the succeeding yield of Corn or Cotton about the same amount as would a ton of complete fertilizer applied at the rate of 20 lbs. per acre. A good stand of Crimson Clover sown under will ordinarily double the yield of the crops which follow. The physical condition of the soil is also materially benefited. The Sandy Soils are increased in Humus and Nitrogen Contents. The stiff, heavy clay soils are rendered more open and friable.

Crimson Clover makes an excellent grazing crop, hay and pasture for all classes of live stock. Much cover makes considerably more milk when pastured on Crimson Clover. It is also valuable as a honey plant, furnishing an abundant supply of nectar in the spring.

Crimson Clover is valuable as a Winter Cover Crop. It is especially valuable in Orchards where it is generally plowed under as a green manure crop. The plants retain for the use of the trees the following season much of the plant food, which would otherwise leach out of the ground during the Winter and early Spring. A good stand of Crimson Clover not only increases the yield of the growing crop, but also increases the blowing of the soil by the wind is greatly lessened. The plants also serve to hold the snow to a greater extent than any other cover crop during the Winter. More and more each year farmers are realizing the importance and great value of Crimson Clover.

**Belgium's "Gold" Brand Standard Crimson Clover** is exceptionally fine. It has large well patterned, bright golden berries. If you want the best Field Seeds of any kind always insist on getting Belgium's "Gold" Brand Standard Clovers and Grasses.

**We Offer Enormous Stocks** Cow Peas, Winter Vetch, Timothy Seed, Red Clover, Alfalfa, Aloyes, Red Top or Herds Grass, Pure Kentucky Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Winter Oats, Tall Meadow Oats Grass, Millet, Permanent Pasture Mixture, Dwarf Essex Rape, all varieties of Turnip Seed including Cow Peas, Turnip Seed, Green Seven Top, Yellow Globe Etc. Cabbage, Kale Spinach, Winter Radish.

Send two cents in stamps and name of this paper we will send you a 10 cent package of Belgium's "Gold" Brand Standard Field Seeds. If you are a local merchant, we will also send you a 10 cent package of Belgium's "Gold" Brand Standard Field Seeds for the ladies along with our large general catalogue. If you are a local merchant, we will also send you a 10 cent package of Belgium's "Gold" Brand Standard Field Seeds for the ladies along with our large general catalogue. If you are a local merchant, we will also send you a 10 cent package of Belgium's "Gold" Brand Standard Field Seeds for the ladies along with our large general catalogue.

**J. BOLGIANO & SON**  
General Seed Growers and Importers  
Frank, Light & Ellwood Streets  
1915 Baltimore, Md. 1914

**DULIN & MARTIN CO.**  
Washington's Leading Store  
—For China, Glass, Silverware, Etc.  
Our supremacy in the following lines has been recognized for years. Dependable qualities, exclusively lowest prices for THE BEST.

**DULIN & MARTIN CO.**  
Pottery, Porcelain, China, Glass, Silverware, 1215 F St. and 1214-18 G St., WASHINGTON, D. C.

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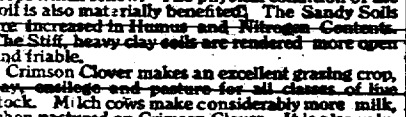
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## Notice!

Care should be taken to employ on all electrical work none but the most competent and experienced persons. It is dangerous to employ inexperienced mechanics or irresponsible men and boys under no management. When the insurance risk is electrically defective it is subject to a specific advance in rate and is dangerous to life and property. We strictly comply with the rules and will furnish a guarantee that the installation will be done in accordance with the National Electrical Code. If you find careless work done object in time as it may endanger your town and will be a continuous trouble to the plant and its operation. Estimates and expert advice given free of charge.

**Washington Suburban Electric Co.**  
MANASSAS BRANCH: Old Journal Office Building  
HERL A. PETERSEN, Pres.

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By Advertisement Offering Cheap Goods. You Get No More Than You Pay for—Gold is Gold.

Go Where You Know the Goods Will be as Represented

JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS, EYE GLASSES, CUT GLASS, SILVERWARE

GIVE ME A CALL

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## Manassas Ice Co.

I take pleasure in announcing to the public that I have given my plant a thorough overhauling and am now in a position to supply pure artificial ice in any quantity at all times. My plant is not new, but is equipped with all MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. The water which flows from our well is as clear as crystal and when further purified by distillation, furnishes cubes of ice fit to place before the most fastidious.

Phone **E. L. CORNWELL**

## MARVEL FLOUR

Makes more good bread to the sack than ordinary flours. Absolutely pure and undoctored—never bleached. Famed for its goodness. Try a sack.

**C. M. LARKIN & CO.,**  
DISTRIBUTORS  
Schmacker, Unicorn, Sycamore and Clover Leaf Feeds

## LANSBURGH & BRO.,

420-26 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

## Our Great July Stock Reducing Sale in Full Swing

and it excels in attractiveness of merchandise and in values any sale we have ever held. Practically every line of merchandise throughout the store is represented in this sale. We intend taking stock at the end of this month, and would rather count money than the merchandise. More than railroad fare to be saved

**YOUR BEST CHANCE TO BUY SUMMER MERCHANDISE**

## Henry K. Field & Co.,

Lumber, Shingles, Laths, Doors, Sash, Blinds and Building Material OF ALL KINDS.

ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

Office: No. 115 N. Union Street.  
Factory: No. 111 N. Lee Street.

ALEXANDRIA, VA.

# The Manassas Journal

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY AFTERNOON BY

THE MANASSAS JOURNAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, Incorporated

Entered at the Post Office at Manassas, Virginia, as Second Class Matter

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

### ADVERTISING RATES

Fifty Cents an inch for the first insertion and Twenty-five Cents for each continuance. Liberal Discounts to Yearly Advertisers.

All cards of thanks, formal resolutions, obituary notices other than the usual death notices, and all matter of an advertising character, either direct or indirectly, will be published at the rate of Twenty-five Cents an inch.

MANASSAS, VA., FRIDAY, JULY 17, 1914.

### WET OR DRY

THE JOURNAL has received a number of communications from friends, whose good opinion it values very highly, taking it to task for the publication of a series of anti-prohibition advertisements.

THE JOURNAL has taken, and shall take no active part in the state-wide prohibition contest now being waged in this state. It is a very serious and complex question which is confronting the voters of this county, and THE JOURNAL believes its editorial views will be of little or no assistance to them in solving this question.

Its columns are open to each side for a limited discussion of the issues; provided, however, such discussion is conducted in a temperate, orderly manner, free from personal vituperation, and "mud slinging." This, this paper will not tolerate in its columns.

As to the advertisement in question, it was paid for as are all other advertisements, and THE JOURNAL is equally ready to publish advertisements on behalf of the anti-saloon league, on the same terms—for cash. And THE JOURNAL wants it understood that the views set out in such advertisements, whether those of the "wets" or the "drys," no more reflect the views of THE JOURNAL than do those of any other advertiser.

The result of the election will not affect the licensed sale of liquor in this county one way or the other. And THE JOURNAL feels that so far as our own people are concerned, it is of far more importance that there be no waving of the bloody shirt, no hysterics, no abuse, estrangements, and no ill feeling, than that the county should go either wet or dry.

Let every qualified voter go to the polls and deposit a ballot which will reflect his honest, disinterested views, and accord every other voter the same right.

Don't get excited, and don't fall out with your neighbor. The world will still move on.

### A NEW DAY DAWNING IN MEXICO

Huerta may be preparing to die in the last ditch, or he may be preparing to take a European trip, but the odds are all in favor of the latter. The average Mexican tyrant has always preferred life in exile to death at home, and when he sees that his time has come for one or the other he never hesitates to choose the softer and sweeter course. The departure of the dictator's family for Vera Cruz marks, in all probability, the beginning of the end of the Huerta reign of blood and revolution. Events will march at a double-quick from now on, and in a few weeks the problem which our Administration at Washington has been facing for so many months will have disappeared. It is true other problems will take its place, but they are not likely to be as inherently difficult as that which is finally being worked out under the President's policy of "watchful waiting."

While Huerta remained master in the Mexican capital, it was impossible to restore normal international relations with that country. As a moral proposition we could not shut our eyes to the fact that our recognition of him meant the indorsement and approval of a deliberate and cold-blooded series of murders, of the seizure of the government of a neighboring country, in which we are in every way deeply interested, by a man whose only title to the Presidency was treachery and assassination. As a practical proposition we could not fail to see that the Huerta regime meant only continued revolution and political anarchy. There was absolutely no hope of the restoration of peace in the territory of our next-door neighbor while he remained in power. Before we could resume our relations with Mexico

it was evident that he must go. That was the first and essential step. When that has come to pass we will reach a situation still difficult and dangerous, but far easier to deal with. Huerta represented only murder and sudden death, and the inconsiderable Mexican element that puts its own property interests above life and law. There are cruel and lawless men among the revolutionary cause represents the Mexican people and the popular aspiration for a higher natural life; and though we cannot expect Mexico to reach our grade of civilization at a bound, the new leaders will bring to their task a different spirit from that which animated Huerta. They will, in the nature of things, be more responsive to public sentiment at home and abroad than an avowedly despotic government, and self-interest as well as patriotism will dispose them to redeem the promises and apply the principals proclaimed in their revolutionary campaign.—Baltimore Sun

### THE FRIEDMANN REMEDY AGAIN

When Friedmann came to this country to exploit his "cure" for consumption, the question was raised: Why does he not remain in his own country to prove or disprove, by careful investigation, whether his remedy has value? For a long time, no unbiased investigation of the Friedmann treatment had been, or could have been, made in Germany, for the product was not available to German physicians until after gullible America had been "worked" to the limit. After Friedmann returned to Germany, he arranged to sell the remedy to German physicians, and we are now beginning to receive the results of its unbiased use in the land of its origin. The Berlin correspondent of *The Journal of the American Medical Association*, in a recent letter, gives an abstract of several recent German articles on the Friedmann remedy. These reports appear to be uniformly unfavorable. They add to the testimony already given in this country that Friedmann's remedy is not only inefficient but also may be dangerous. The investigations of Dr. Braner of Hamburg are especially noteworthy, as they were made under circumstances that might have proved highly favorable to the remedy, the majority of the injections having been made by Friedmann himself. Moreover, Braner and his assistants attended the Friedmann Institute to learn the exact technic. The reports add emphasis to the results reported by Professor Rabinowitsch, namely, that the material is likely to be contaminated, sometimes with virulent bacteria, and the remedy itself may prove injurious, if not actually fatal. More than seven months ago *The Journal* expressed its opinion of the Friedmann remedy and the method of exploitation in this country in these words: "Once more it should be stated that the so-called Friedmann cure for tuberculosis is utterly discredited. All reliable reports regarding the treatment of patients by Friedmann's method seem to show either that it is actually injurious or else that it is less efficient than other well-known and less dangerous means of treatment."

### ALL HAVE TUBERCULOSIS, BUT MOST RECOVER

Sir William Osler told his audience at Leeds no new truth when he said that if he could look into the chests of all the persons present he would discover a small focus area of tuberculosis. Some years ago a post-mortem examination in Switzerland of a large number of individuals who had died of other causes indicated that 100 per cent of them had had tuberculosis, or other.

This news ought to be very cheering to those victims of the disease who are not aware of the fact. It shows not only that tuberculosis is curable, but that in the case of a large proportion of us it is cured without our knowing that we have it. Fresh air probably is the thing that does the work in the majority of cases. The old idea that the man who develops a case of consumption is doomed is no longer tenable.—Baltimore Sun.

### GEOGRAPHY

The River of Doubt rises in the Lakes of Possible Support and flows into the Gulf of Unresisted Temptation, beyond which lie the Mountains of Unattainable Office.—Louisville Courier-Journal

## Report of the Condition of The National Bank of Manassas, at Manassas, in the State of Virginia, at the close of business June 30, 1914.

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	\$224,251 14	Capital stock paid in	\$50,000 00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,497 75	Surplus fund	26,000 00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	22,500 00	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	5,099 80
U. S. Bonds to secure Postal Savings	1,000 00	National Bank notes outstanding	21,980 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	42 80	Due to other National Banks	2,860 14
Bonds, Securities, etc. (other than Stocks)	6,078 90	Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	744 25
Banking houses, furniture and fixtures	16,552 88	Due to approved Reserve Agents	240 00
Other Real Estate owned	4,833 00	Dividends unpaid	2,289 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	167 86	Individual deposits subject to check	268,514 22
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	819 36	Demand certificates of deposit	1,884 13
Due from approved reserve agents	2,845 78	Postal Savings deposits	101 66
Checks and other cash items	2,729 40	Notes and bills redimptible	2,000 00
Notes of other National Banks	855 00	Due payable, including obligations for money borrowed	6,000 00
Fractional paper currency, notes and coins	844 75		
Legal-tender notes	515 00		
Due from U. S. Treasurer	1,135 00		
Total	\$420,709 96		

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of July, 1914.

L. M. JONES,

Notary Public, My commission expires August 12, 1914.

ROBT. A. HUTCHISON, C. E. NARR, THOS. H. LEON, Directors.

# The National Bank of Manassas

## INSURANCE IS A PROFESSION

Select your agent and companies as you would your Banker, Lawyer or Doctor, since your financial existence may depend on this and the best costs no more than the poorest.

Established in 1878

## FIRE TESTED TIME TRIED REPRESENTING MILLIONS

Home people adjust your fires—no New York sharpers. It will pay you to talk it over and get our rates :: ::

## Lipscomb's Fire Insurance Agency

# PILLSBURY FLOUR

Conner's Market for Groceries and Feed, Fresh and Salt Meats, Seed Potatoes, Seed Oats, all kinds of Grass Seeds, also a full line of Garden Seeds. Just received a car load of Corn, Oats and Pillsbury Flour. Come and let us give you prices.

Cash Paid for all Kinds of Country Produce

Dealer in Live Stock from one to car-load lots

## Conner's Market

CONNER BUILDING

MANASSAS, VIRGINIA



LOCAL NEWS

The state road in the lower part of the county is progressing nicely. Portions are already in use.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Judik are making their home with Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Jordan on South Main street.

Mrs. Louise Schultz continues ill, though slight improvement was noted in her condition yesterday.

Mr. John A. Nicol and family have moved into the Johnson property, adjoining the New Prince William Hotel.

The Manassas Journal Publishing Company, incorporated, has declared the usual semi-annual dividend of four per cent.

The Ladies of the W. C. T. U. will hold a dime social tonight at the residence of Mrs. George C. Round. Everybody is invited.

Dr. H. U. Roop attended the recent meeting of the National Education Association which convened in St. Paul, Minn.

The privileges for selling refreshments on the Manassas Horse Show grounds have been let to Messrs. J. H. Burke and J. M. Bell.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Ballock are occupying the Payne property on Main street recently occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hardie Seay.

Manager D. M. Pitts realized an average yield of 35 bushels from the 17-acre field of wheat just threshed at Annaburg, the Portner estate.

Rev. J. F. Burks will conduct services at Trinity Episcopal Church next Sunday at 8 p. m., and at St. Anne's Church, Nokesville, at 11 a. m.

There are to be two base ball games Saturday at Catharpin, beginning at 2 p. m. - Catharpin vs. Clifton and Arcola vs. Greenwich. Admission, 10 cents.

Thirty Texas ponies were brought here last Tuesday and sold at public auction. They were all purchased by citizens of the county and commanded fair prices.

Miss Beattie Deakins, of Baltimore, who has been ill for some time at the home of her relative, Mrs. J. A. Morgan, was taken Sunday to the hospital at Charlottesville.

Mrs. Templeton Hodge entertained the children of the neighborhood Monday afternoon at Roblay cottage. Ice cream was served and the little folks had a happy time.

At the family home on Main street, Master Odell Dabney Waters, Jr., entertained his young friends Monday afternoon at a party in celebration of his fourth birthday.

The barn of Mr. J. W. Bell, of Thoroughfare, was struck by lightning on Monday evening last, and damaged to the extent of about \$25.00. Fortunately the building did not burn.

Mr. Chester A. Ames, who was graduated from Manassas High School and was a student of the University of Virginia the past session, is taking a course in anatomy at Harvard.

Miss Margaret Temple Hopkins left Monday for New York city to attend the Congress of American Musicians, now in session at the New York School of Music and Art. She will be there several weeks.

In THE JOURNAL window is exhibited a branch of a plum tree owned by Mr. George D. Baker. The branch is literally loaded with fruit. Mr. Baker says he has picked a quantity of green fruit in an effort to unburden the tree.

Mrs. Rae Hedrick and little daughter, Frances Mildred, of Alexandria, who have been on the sick list at the home of Mrs. Hedrick's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Hall, are much improved.

The ladies of Grace M. E. Church, South, are to hold a lawn party Thursday evening, July 23, on the hotel lawn, Centre street. Ice cream, cake and candies will be on sale. Come and help a good cause.

At a meeting of the school trustee electoral board, on Thursday, Mr. Thomas Wolfenden, of Kopp, was elected school trustee in Colas District, to fill the unexpired term of Mr. J. M. Ellicott, resigned.

All members of the Loyal Temperance Legion wishing to attend the picnic Thursday, July 23, are requested to meet at the Presbyterian church next Tuesday at 3 p. m. to make further arrangements.

The Fidelis Organized Class, No. 1, of Manassas Baptist church, will hold a lawn party tomorrow evening, beginning at 6:30 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. Ella Florance, near the town hall. Everybody is invited to attend.

A novel feature of this year's Horse Show will be a candy booth, operated by Cathar & Flaherty, our local confectioners, in connection with the refreshment department. You may eat home-made candies to your heart's content.

Messrs. Westwood Hutchison, C. J. Meetze, E. R. Conner and Andrew Pringle motored to Catharpin yesterday to see Mr. H. F. Lynn who has been confined to his bed for some time. We are glad to learn that Mr. Lynn is much improved.

There will be an all-day meeting at Independent Hill Sunday beginning at 10:30 a. m. The prohibitionists will address the people in the morning and preaching will be held in the afternoon. Everybody is cordially invited to attend and bring a lunch.

The corner stone of the Bethel High School, Occoquan District, will be laid Tuesday, August 4, Masons, Odd Fellows and Junior Order participating. Prominent speakers will be on hand, so come out and spend a pleasant day. Speaking will begin at 10 a. m. and continue through the day.

There is to be a dancing picnic Saturday, July 25, commencing at 1 p. m., at the M. W. A. hall at Brentsville. Refreshments will be served on the grounds. Good music has been engaged, and good order will be maintained. Everybody is cordially invited - H. W. Hensley, H. F. Keys, J. F. Donovan, Committee.

Otis Fuller, a young man employed on the electric lighting system, had a finger nearly cut from his hand yesterday morning while at work trimming a tree to make way for the wires. A falling limb caught his hand against a wire which cut through the bone. The injured member was sewed in place and is expected to grow together again.

Arrangements were completed for the incorporation of the local insurance agencies of G. Raymond Ratcliffe and Karl J. Austin. The new agency is being incorporated and will be known as the Karl J. Austin Corporation. Mr. Austin will be in charge of the office and Miss Eleanor Saffer has accepted the position of stenographer.

The bill to pay Virginia Military Institute \$100,000 for damages sustained when the institute was burned by U. S. troops was passed Saturday by the Senate.

The original bill, which was introduced in the Senate by Mr. Martin and in the House by Mr. Hay, provided for the payment of \$215,000, but the Senate committee cut the appropriation down.

Rt. Reverend Frederick Joseph Kinsman, D. D., Bishop of Delaware, preached and held confirmation services at Trinity Episcopal church Sunday evening, and Monday morning at St. Anne's church, Nokesville. A class of seven received the rite of confirmation at Manassas, and nine members were added at Nokesville. During his stay here, the Bishop was the guest of Rev. J. F. Burks at the rectory.

Following instructions from the court a jury in the United States Court for the Eastern District of Virginia, Judge Edmund Waddill presiding, this afternoon brought in a verdict for the defendant corporation in the suit of H. B. Hutchinson against the New York and Pennsylvania Company, a corporation. The object of the suit was to recover the sum of \$30,000 for damages alleged to have been done to a large tract of timber land in Prince William county leased by defendant corporation from plaintiff. A motion to overrule the verdict was refused and plaintiff was given until October 1st next in which to file a bill of exceptions.

ABOUT PEOPLE WE KNOW

Mr. A. W. Diehl, of Brigotow, was in town Thursday.

Mr. William Crow, of Joplin was a town visitor yesterday.

Miss Helen Hayes, of Bealeton, is a guest of Miss Dorothy Haydon.

Miss Thedie Waters, of Washington, visited relatives here Sunday.

Miss Hopper, of Cimarron, Kans., is the guest of Mrs. S. T. Weir.

Miss Dora Langyher, of Brigotow, was a Manassas visitor today.

Mrs. A. B. Davis, of Clarendon, is a guest of Mrs. Ann Elizabeth Speer.

Miss Claudia Duvoye, is a guest of Miss Fletcher at Haymarket.

Miss Lucy Hayden was the recent guest of Miss Marion Burks at the rectory.

Mr. A. B. Collier, of Baltimore, visited his mother, Mrs. L. R. Lynn, last week.

Miss Virginia Gardner, of Markham, was a recent guest of Mrs. C. M. Larkin.

Miss Daisie Gallahan, of Garrettville, was the guest this week of Mrs. G. W. Payne.

Miss Hawkins of South Carolina, arrived yesterday to be the guest of Mrs. John A. Nicol.

Miss Franziska Jonas has returned to Nokesville after a visit to friends in Fredericksburg.

Mr. W. I. Steere is spending a few days in Roanoke in the interest of the Jennie Smith fund.

Miss Ruth Barber, of Philadelphia, is a guest of Miss Mary Neville Dogan at Paradise, near town.

Little Misses Cary and Maryay left Nicol are guests of their grandmother, Mrs. Moon, at Scottsville.

Mrs. A. D. Benton, who spent the winter and spring with Mrs. John A. Nicol, returned to New York today.

Miss Rebecca Monroe has returned to her home at Burke after a visit here to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Meetze.

Miss Edith Bell, of Washington, is the guest of her grandmother, Mrs. F. S. Brand, of Grant avenue.

Mrs. J. F. Burks returned Wednesday from Ashland where she had been at the bedside of her sister who is ill.

Miss Susie Hutt, of Neenah, Westmoreland county, is a guest of Miss Othello Williams in her home on Prescott avenue.

Mrs. D. P. Coleman, of Orange, this week was the guest of her daughter Mrs. R. W. Payne, at the New Prince William Hotel.

Miss Sadie Monroe, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Meetze, is now a guest at the home of Mr. R. M. Meetze, at The Plains.

Miss Elmina Carpenter, of South Carolina, who has been the guest of Mrs. Albert Speiden, is now visiting Mr. and Mrs. William Lake, near Warrenton.

Mrs. Albert Speiden, little Miss Virginia and Master Edwin Nelson Speiden were guests last week of Mrs. Speiden's sister, Mrs. A. O. Weedon, of Warrenton.

Mrs. Allen Laws Oliver, of Cape Girardeau, Mo., is a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Leachman. She is accompanied by her niece, little Miss Mildred Leachman Smith.

SEND YOUR BOY TO THE HIGH SCHOOL

At the school commencements marking the close of the past session 1,200 youths received diplomas of graduation from full four years high schools. The graduates may enter without examination the University of Virginia and other higher institutions. Many of the young ladies will teach school. All these graduates will be the future leaders of the respective communities.

Will you send your child to a high school next session? This problem faces many parents in our State. With the scarcity of farm labor there is the temptation to keep the fifteen year old boy on the farm to help in its work. To give him a school education may mean sacrifice, but it is the best investment a parent can make. The old one room school education of the past is insufficient for the complicated life of to-day. The farmer of the future needs a high school education. Try to give your children a high school education.

STATEMENT

Of the Financial Condition of The Bank of Occoquan, Incorporated, located at Occoquan, in the County of Prince William, State of Virginia, at the close of business, June 30, 1914, made to the State Comptroller, Comptroller.

Table with columns: RESOURCES, LIABILITIES. Includes items like Loans and Discounts, Capital stock paid in, Surplus fund, etc.

Total: \$25,961.15. I, JAMES M. BARBER, Cashier, do solemnly swear that the above is a true statement of the financial condition of The Bank of Occoquan, Incorporated, located at Occoquan, in the County of Prince William, State of Virginia, at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

STATE OF VIRGINIA, County of Prince William. James M. Barber, Cashier, do solemnly swear that the above is a true statement of the financial condition of The Bank of Occoquan, Incorporated, located at Occoquan, in the County of Prince William, State of Virginia, at the close of business on the 30th day of June, 1914, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. W. HAYTER, Notary Public. My commission expires March 2, 1914.

Eastern College MANASSAS, VA

The Right College for the Training of Young People

Splendid new buildings. College and University Trained Teachers. Offers superior degree courses in the Arts and Sciences, Literature, Pedagogy, Music, Expression, Business and Domestic Science. Also excellent Preparatory Department, fully equal to any standard High School. Special attention given backward boys and girls. Saturday Art Class. Night Commercial Courses.

Sixteenth Annual Session Opens September 29th

For rate and other information inquire of HEVIN U. ROOP, P. O. U. D. 6-19-3m. President.

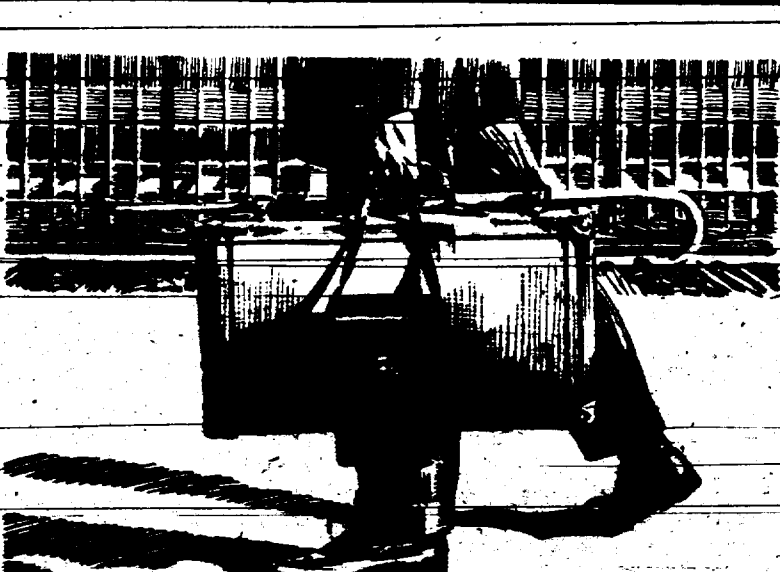
Report of the Condition of The Peoples National Bank at Manassas, in the State of Virginia, at the close of business, June 30, 1914.

Table with columns: RESOURCES, LIABILITIES. Includes items like Loans and Discounts, Capital stock paid in, Surplus fund, etc.

Total: \$352,811.25. I, G. RAYMOND RATCLIFFE, Cashier, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. RAYMOND RATCLIFFE, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of July, 1914.

L. E. JOHNS, Notary Public. A. W. SINCLAIR, J. A. E. NELSON, E. H. KIRBY, Directors.



KODAK with you. The Kodak has become the inseparable companion of almost every traveller or vacationist. No matter what you want in the Kodak line we have it. Brownies - \$1.00 to \$12.00. Kodaks - \$6.00 and up. Dowell's Pharmacy THE REXALL STORE

Insist on having a perfect bathroom. Beautiful, therefore pleasing. Sanitary, therefore healthful. Durable, therefore economical. E. J. Lamb 117 E. Market St. Harrisonburg, Va.

SIXTEENTH ANNUAL Warrenton Horse Show WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY August 19 & 20, 1914 OVER \$2,000.00 IN CASH PRIZES AND MUCH VALUABLE PLATE Entries Close August 8th

For information, Prize List, Etc., Address F. R. SATTERLEE, Secretary, Warrenton, Va. Get The Journal's Prices on Job Work



HAYMARKET HAPPENINGS

Miss Edith Haydon, of Manassas, is visiting Mrs. Frantz Peters. Miss Virginia Gardner and Mr. William Brooks were guests this week of Mrs. R. L. Dulany. Miss Willie Tulloss is visiting her sister, Mrs. O. G. Deik, at Smithfield, Va.

TRAINS FOR HORSE SHOW.

For the accommodation of visitors to the Manassas Horse Show July 29 and 30, the Southern Railway has made the following arrangements: Trains Nos. 49, 21, 22, 13 and 14 will stop at show grounds both days to receive and discharge passengers.

IN MEMORIAM.

In loving memory of Andrew James, son of George E. and Alice P. Robertson, who departed this life one year ago, July 2, 1913, at the age of three years, seven months and thirteen days.

The little chair is empty now, His place at the table vacant, The little clothes laid by, By a fond mother's hand.

BIDS WANTED

The School Board of Coles District will meet at Independent Hill Saturday, August 1, 1914, at 2 p. m. to receive bids for the building and completion of sanitary privies at each of the seven schools in the district in accordance with plans furnished by the State Board of Education.

Notice to Owners of Horses

The Prince William Horse Show does not belong to a set of individuals but is the property of the people of Prince William county, and is run for no other purpose than to increase the interest in the breeding and raising of better horses.

JUSTLY INDIGNANT.

It is unsafe to speak of any trait of a mountaineer as characteristic, especially so if an outsider makes the observation. Often when you think the mountaineer is in earnest, he is merely fooling; and when he seems to be highly humorous, he is in deadly earnest.

"Hello, Jim!" Wade drew up to rest his horse a spell. "Not buying your flour at the Gap, are you?" Windy Gap was sixteen miles from Hick's home.

"Yes." "Why, I thought you did all your trading with Simpsons down at the Dam."

"Used to, but I quit him cold." "What was the matter?"

"Treated me mean—dirty mean!" Hicks's face showed smoldering indignation.

"Well," Black Jim slipped a tired leg across the horse's shoulder, and sat sideways, "I bought a side of meat from him, and without waiting for me to pay it, he—dunned me."

"Dunned you?" in surprise. There is no worse word in the mountains than "dunned."

"Yes. Dunned me week before last; and I ain't never goin' to trade another nickel's worth with him."

"Well," Wade seemed at a loss to understand this strange conduct of the storekeeper at Beaver Dam. "When did you get the side of meat, Jim?"

Teachers' Examination.

The regular summer examination for public school teachers will be held in the Bennett Building, Manassas, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, July 22, 23 and 24, beginning promptly at 9 a. m. each day.

Subjects for the first day are—geography, spelling, grammar and composition, theory and practice of teaching, and civics.

the second day—elementary algebra, science, and English history or general history. The examination on theory and practice of teaching will be based on "What Children Study and Why," by Gilbert; in physiology and hygiene, upon Ritchies Human Physiology; in reading and drawing, the examination will be on both methods and subject matter.

In order that proper arrangements may be made for the convenience of the teachers, it is highly important that each applicant notify the division superintendent at least five days in advance of the examination. GEO. G. TYLER, Division Superintendent.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Want, For Sale and miscellaneous advertisements will be published under this heading at the rate of five cents a line for the first insertion, three cents a line for subsequent insertions. Advertisements for this column received until 9 o'clock Friday morning.

NOTICE

To whom it may concern: I will not be responsible for any bills contracted by Milton A. Baldwin or any one for him except upon a written order from me. JOHN A. NICOL, Trustee.

For Sale.—One Registered Holstein Bull, 9 months, a fine one and of excellent breeding; one four, one three-year-old horse. Cheap if sold at once. Melbourne Farm, Gainesville, Va. 7-17-3t

Cash paid for wheat, buckwheat and other grain for fowls. Let me bid on your crop. J. H. Dodge. 7-17-2t

For Rent.—Nice 4-room house with good outbuildings, chicken lot and garden. Apply to J. H. Rexrode. 7-17-1t

Wanted.—25 head good fresh cows and springers. E. R. Conner. 7-17

For Sale.—A good 10-horsepower traction engine. Will sell cheap for cash. Apply to W. P. Eustace, Calverton, Va. 7-10-6t

For Sale.—Stock farm; 143a; 1 mile from railroad; 7-room house. Bargain.—Mrs. T. J. Ashford, Manassas, Va. 7-10-3t

For Sale.—Folding, reclining go-cart, upholstered in brown corduroy, \$2.50; solid walnut leaf table, 3 feet, 10 inches by 4 feet, 3 inches, \$2.50; lawn mower, in good running order, \$1.50. Apply at this office. 6-26

For Sale.—Forty bushels cow-peas. \$2.85. Quick. E. R. Conner. 6-12-1t

If that old horse collar don't fit trade it for a new one at Austin's. Buggy harness \$7.50 and up—team harness \$22.50 and up—at Austin's. 5-22-1t

Let us help you select your paint and wallpaper. We know how. Neuman-Trusler Hardware Co. 4-3-1t

Dealers! Can save you money on Whis-metal polish in lots of one dozen or more, any size. Also on 999 harness preserver. Austin. 5-22-1t

To the Farmers of Manassas Magisterial District

We will operate our threshing machine during season of 1914 at 3c per bushel for wheat, 2c for oats and 4c for rye and barley; \$4.00 for set less than 100 bushels. Will also operate our silo cutter, 16-inch, at \$1.00 per hour; will bail your hay and straw at \$1.50 per ton. Fuel, water and board to be furnished free except threshing; will furnish team to haul water. Yours for good and quick service. W. T. Griffith & Sons 6-12

CIDER-MAKING

My new hydraulic cider mill will be in operation Tuesday, July 14, and will run every Tuesday during the season until further notice. J. E. BRADFIELD. 7-10-2m

DR. L. F. HOUGH

Anesthetics Administered for Painless Extraction of Teeth. M. I. C. Building, Manassas, Va

Marvel Flour

Prince William, Purity and other brands. Groceries and Provisions. All kinds of Canned Fruit and Hay. Please your Orders—Goods delivered at Your Door. Highest price paid for Country Produce in exchange for Goods. CHAS. E. FISHER & SON 1-19 Manassas, Va.

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EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING EXCEPT THE HARDWARE

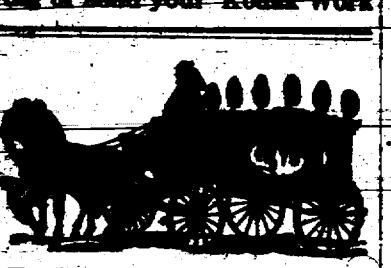
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Summer Conferences.

Summer Conferences, Black Mountain, N. C. and Ridgecroft, N. C. June 11 to August 31. Summer School, University of Virginia, Charlottesville, Va., June 23 to August 6. Summer School of the North, Hampton, Tenn., June 22 to July 31. Peabody College Summer School, Nashville, Tenn., June 21 to August 5. Summer Conferences, Monroeville and Sevier, Tenn., July 1 to August 14. Summer Conferences, Waverlyville, N. C. June 22 to August 5. Summer Schools, the Southern Railway will have on sale at principal points in Virginia, including Washington, D. C., greatly reduced round fare tickets with liberal limits. Splendid through train service and sleeping cars. For detailed information consult Agents or write C. W. Westbury, Assistant General Agent, Washington, D. C. (July 2).

Popular Outing.—To the Western North Carolina country, "The Land of the Sky," Friday, July 17th, via Southern Railway. Limited fifteen days from date of sale. Asheville, Lake Toltaway, Hot Springs, Waynesville and other points. Through Pullman drawing room sleeping cars and day coaches. Dining car. \$10.00 round trip from Washington, \$5.00 from Charlottesville and \$7.00 from Lynchburg, corresponding low round-trip fares from other intermediate points. Leave Washington 3:55 p. m., Charlottesville 9:02 p. m. and Lynchburg 11:15 p. m. Consult agents or write C. W. Westbury, Assistant General Agent, Washington, D. C. for particulars.

WARNING AGAINST PROHIBITION LAW

Statewide Measure Would Affect Only People Who Do Not Desire It.

WOULD IGNORE LOCAL WILL Association For Local Self Government Declares Proposed Law Subversive of American Principles.

Richmond, Va., July 17.—The only part of the State that can be affected at all by a State-wide prohibition law is the part that does not want it, and the proposition is to force the law upon it against its will by the power of the State.

In these words the Virginia Association for Local Self Government, in a statement issued today, sums up its case against the enabling act which the voters of the State will be asked to ratify in the special election to be held next September. It declares the proposed law to be in conflict with the principle of local self government which forms the cornerstone of American institutions.

The statement continues with this exposition of the issue: "The State-wide law is designed to prohibit the sale of liquor. It could produce no change whatever in nine-tenths of the State since eighty-five of the 100 counties in Virginia already prohibit the sale by the use of the present local option law.

The remaining counties could have prohibition if a majority of their citizens favored it by exercising the same law. Some of these remaining counties have already voted against prohibition, showing that they do not want it. It is now proposed to force prohibition upon them against their will by the power of the State. They are to have the same right that the dry counties had of deciding for themselves to go dry or not.

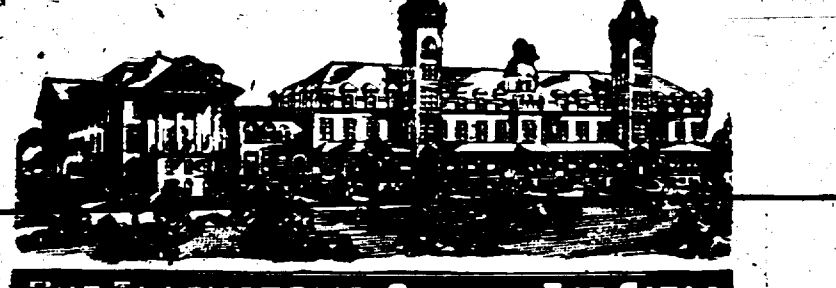
The local option law, now in force, was designed to prevent a majority of counties from imposing their will on the counties that wanted to be dry. The same reason exists why the dry counties should not force their prohibition on those who do not desire it. It is a well-established principle of Democratic government, defeated next September.—Adv.

that government is derived from the consent of the governed—that only those should vote on a law who can be affected by its passage. The ratification of the enabling act would not affect the dry counties in the least, yet the votes of the dry counties in the coming election will help determine the issue in counties where prohibition would be unwelcome. This is manifestly unfair and against the principle of local self government which is the cornerstone of our institutions.

"The experience of years in Maine and elsewhere has demonstrated that prohibition cannot be enforced where local sentiment, and therefore the local government, are against it. To enact a law is one thing and to enforce it is another. When local sentiment is against a law the State government is powerless to enforce it. There arises at once a conflict of authority, a wholesale violation of law, a prohibition that does not prohibit, and the substitution of innumerable lawless devices for the comparatively few well-regulated places of the old order.

"To summarize: The voters in nine-tenths of the State have no direct moral interest whatever in the passage or defeat of the prohibition law since their condition will remain exactly as it is now whichever way the election results. In the remaining one-tenth of the State, where an anti-prohibition majority prevails, the passage of the law would force upon them an obnoxious system which, without advancing the cause of prohibition or temperance, would make conditions infinitely worse.

"The enabling act attempts to substitute centralized force for local self-government. It proposes to substitute in Virginia for the local option system which has worked admirably and demonstrated its worth a dangerous experiment which has never succeeded and which no other counties that have abandoned after disastrous experience with it propose to do all this at a tremendous expense and incalculable loss and damage to the Commonwealth. For these reasons the law should be overwhelmingly defeated next September.—Adv.



THE BLACKSTONE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

JAMES CANNON, JR., M. A., D. D., PRINCIPAL. Are the Blackstone School adopted the following motto: Thorough instruction under Christian influence at the lowest possible cost. It is today, with a faculty of 23, a boarding patronage of 200, a student body of 200, and a plant worth \$125,000. The Leading Training School for Girls in Virginia. PAYS all charges for the year, including Table Board, Room, Lights, Steam Heat, Laundry, Medical Attention, Physical Culture and Tuition in all subjects except music and elocution. Can parents find a school with a better record, with more experienced management at such moderate cost? For catalogue and application blank address GEO. P. ADAMS, Secretary, Blackstone, Va.

Distilled Water Ice

It is our pleasure to announce that our ice plant is now in full operation and visitors are most cordially received to inspect the process. We are able now to supply you in any quantity with pure ice manufactured from pure water with the proper machinery in the proper way.

Our plant is new and equipped with all modern improvements, insuring a sanitary product which may be used with entire satisfaction. Prompt, courteous service and delivery is the end we aim to attain. We solicit a trial and pledge satisfaction. Call or phone

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# DAIRY

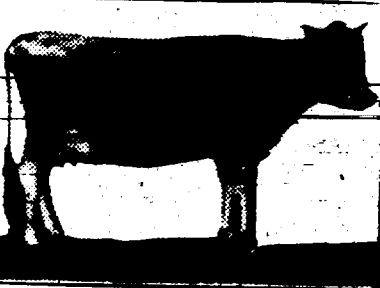
## GOOD FORM OF DAIRY COW

Development of Digestive, Secretive, Circulatory and Nervous Systems Are Essential.

By W. C. RICHARDS, North Dakota Agricultural College.

The form which good dairy cattle possess results from the milk producing reactions which they develop. There are four main centers of activity, the digestive system, the milk secreting system or udder, the circulatory system, and the nervous system. To produce large quantities of milk, it is necessary that a cow (or a bull if he becomes the sire of cows) capable of producing a large quantity of milk have these systems well developed. Good producing cows and good dairy sires invariably have good dairy form, because it is the high degree of development of these parts known as the digestive, secretive, circulatory and nervous systems which give the dairy animal the dairy form.

A cow that has a good dairy form has a lean appearance over every part of the body which indicates a nervous temperament and that she utilizes a large proportion of the feed consumed for the making of milk. She has a wedge shaped appearance, viewed from above, in front and from the side. The wedge shape appearance from above results from the narrow projecting withers which form the apex of the wedge and the large barrel, below, the base of the wedge. The wedge viewed from in front is made by the narrowness of the cow in front compared with the width at the widest part of the barrel or through the region of the hips. The wedge shaped appearance from the sides



Well-Formed Jersey.

comes from the dairy cow having less depth in the region of the shoulders than in the region of the barrel and udder. The more marked these wedges the more closely the animal conforms to the dairy type.

## BREEDING STOCK FOR DAIRY

Cow Should Have Large Middle and Strong Constitution—Real Good Sires Are Rare Thing.

By PROF. W. J. KENNEDY, Iowa Station.

In selecting dairy cattle the real test must be the scales and the Babcock tester. The cow is a machine to convert food into milk; thus she must have a large middle and a strong constitution to insure the best results. She must also have a large udder, large milk wells, large crooked milk veins and good-sized teats.

Her head should be clean and angular in appearance, with the eyes standing out prominently. The neck should be rather long and high in appearance, the shoulders pointed and the backbone rather prominent. The skin should be loose and soft to the touch. In selecting herd bulls either mature animals which have already demonstrated their worth as sires or younger animals from high-testing dams and sires only should be used.

The best and surest will always follow the use of a mature sire which has tested heifers with good records. A good dairy bull should be kept until he is twelve or fifteen years old; in fact as long as he is a sure sire. Real good sires are so rare that when we do find one he should be only of old age. All breeders of dairy cattle should secure yearly tests on each and every cow in the herd. Shorter tests do not really mean very much. It is the cow that stays by her job that is really valuable.

## Feeding Raw Beet Pulp.

Our leading dairymen have also and feed beet pulp. The best wheat, clover and cottonseed meal, are the principal grains.

A few dairymen are feeding beet pulp and receiving good results. One farmer who is milking 12 cows told me a few days ago that since he commenced feeding this with the same amount of grain, his cows had gained a little over a 50-quart can of milk per day, says a writer in an exchange. Beet pulp costs three dollars per ton in our State. Farmers give about eight cents to a feed per cow twice a day.

## Don't Horry Cows.

Do not hurry the cows or encourage them to rush pell-mell in and out of the stable. Great danger can result. Careless hired men and the boys should be cautioned against this.

## Ample Feed Supply.

An acre of good alfalfa, cut and fed green in cows combined in a yard, will supply ample feed for five good cows and a calf throughout the summer.

# ROAD BUILDING

## EFFECTUAL REPAIR OF ROADS

Continuous Maintenance Keeps Highways Always in Good Condition—Advantage Self-Evident.

By PROF. A. B. ALEXANDER.

The need of effectual repair and maintenance of highways has now become well recognized. The resulting demand for better methods and more certain results is insistent. The office of public roads of the department of agriculture is making a strong effort to focus the mind of the country on the fact that maintenance and effective repair are of equal importance with the actual improvement of bad roads. Investment of money in new roads does not become real economy until provision is made for keeping these new roads in condition after they are built. If a new road was built and then allowed to fall into disrepair, much of the original investment is simply wasted.

Europe, generally speaking, is ahead of the United States in the matter of road improvement. In Great Britain is struggling with a problem similar to the one that confronts the people of the United States. In England, Scotland and Wales there are no fewer than 2,140 separate authorities who between them administer 175,487 miles of roads, or an average of only 82 miles apiece. In Scotland, apart from the big cities there are over 200 burghs, one-half of which have 10 miles of road apiece to maintain. Needless to say, such a minute attention is impossible to keep the road plant fully occupied all the year around, and renders the employment of a skilled engineer impossible for economical reasons.

Officials of the office of public roads, at the various states, are pointing out that road building is an art based on a science, and that trained men and experienced men are necessary to secure the best results from the expenditure of road funds.

Statisticians have found that although the average expenditure on the improvement of roads exceeds one million dollars a day, a large portion of the money in the United States is wasted because of the failure to build the right type of road to meet the local requirements or the failure to provide for the continued maintenance of the improvement.

During the last two decades there has been a remarkable development of road building which is intimately associated with state aid and state control, especially in the regions north of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi



Best Showing Shows of Stone By the Wayside for Repairs.

rivers. The evolution of present day conditions in this section is particularly important in its bearing on highway repair and maintenance. The rapidly increasing automobile traffic on highways has greatly stimulated interest in road improvement and professedly modified methods of construction and maintenance.

At the beginning of the year 1912, 90 per cent. or approximately 2,000,000 miles of the roads in this country were earth. The repair and proper maintenance of earth roads are therefore of great importance. To secure a properly built or repaired earth road, it has been repeatedly demonstrated that the best method is some system of continuous maintenance. The operations involved in maintenance are in one sense small repairs. The economy in small repairs over extensive periodic repairs is largely due to the fact that defects are repaired as they occur.

Rice as a Food. Rice forms nearly one-half of the cereal food of the world and wheat is the chief cereal food of the other half. The quantity of these two cereals produced is approximately the same. The United States plants the world's rice crop at 175 billion pounds and the world's wheat crop at 175 billion pounds.

Convert of Cement. The culvert made of cement is more often used now than in years past. The good road with good drainage and good culverts is a part in every season.

Very Poor Drink. Very cold water is a poor drink for the horse with the mercury way down.

Getting Fertile Eggs. An old hen is not so apt to lay good fertile eggs as one that is a yearling.

# POULTRY

## WORKING IN A POULTRY YARD

Overfeeding, Overcrowding and Lack of Fresh Air Cause Much Loss.—Self-Surplus Stock.

By PROF. A. B. ALEXANDER.

Be careful in handling fowls, particularly ducks and geese. Ducks have very weak joints and it always injures them more or less to catch them by the legs.

Overfeeding, overcrowding and lack of ventilation cause much loss among amateur poultry keepers. A large percent of the chicks die and those that survive are runty and underbred. Forgetting to provide grit causes indigestion and after a while it turns to cholera.

Fall is the best time of year to purchase geese for next year's brooding. Geese do not mate as readily as other fowls and it is therefore advisable to procure them several months before the laying season arrives. If possible, buy stock that is at least one year old and mated.

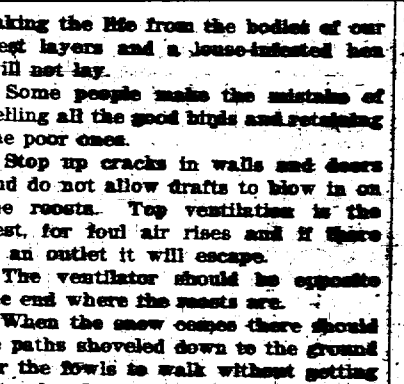
As a rule one should engage the stock sometime in the summer. Have the birds shipped after the weather gets cold. This gives the birds time to get accustomed to their surroundings.

Send all surplus poultry to market as soon as the fowls are in proper condition.

Unless one understands the progress of forcing, it is seldom wise to wait for prices to go up. Call out the backward looking gulls, keeping only the best and most prominent for egg production.

Even in cold weather be vigilant and use the whitewash pail and brush at least once a week. The mites are busy

A Chicken House Easily and Cheaply Constructed—Windows Are Well Arranged for Ventilation.



making the life from the bodies of our best layers and a Jesus-tempted hen will not lay.

Some people make the mistake of selling all the good hens and retaining the poor ones. Stop up cracks in walls and doors and do not allow drafts to blow in on the roosts. Top ventilation is the best, for foul air rises and if there is an outlet it will escape.

The ventilator should be opposite the end where the nests are. When the snow comes there should be paths shoveled down to the ground for the fowls to walk without getting into the drifts.

Give warm water twice a day and empty the water fountains every night before they freeze. Potato and turnip peelings boiled and mixed with the morning feed are excellent for laying hens.

Sweep up cracks in walls and doors and do not allow drafts to blow in on the roosts. Top ventilation is the best, for foul air rises and if there is an outlet it will escape.

When the snow comes there should be paths shoveled down to the ground for the fowls to walk without getting into the drifts.

# BROWN & HOOFF

Manassas, Virginia

## Lumber and Planing Mills

We keep on hand Lumber, Pine, Oak, Lath, Brick, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Shingles, Moldings, Door and Window Frames, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Hinges, Screws and all kinds of Builders' Hardware, and are prepared to fill all orders for same on short notice.

We guarantee prices to be as low as any in all cases.

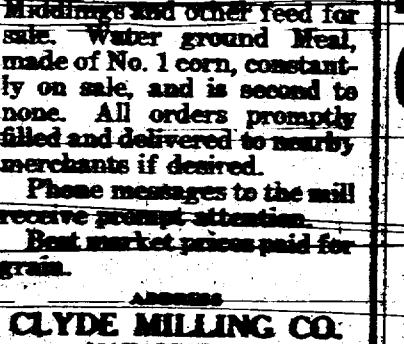
## Lumber in Carload Lots a Specialty.

# CLYDE MILL

This well known milling institution, recently rebuilt and set in first class condition, is now being operated by a miller of years' experience. The Flour being made at this mill, Fancy and Straight grade, is giving satisfaction wherever used, and is rapidly attracting new customers. It is made of the very best wheat and guaranteed pure and healthy. Bran, Middlings and other feed for sale. Water ground Meal, made of No. 1 corn, constantly on sale, and is second to none. All orders promptly filled and delivered to nearby merchants if desired.

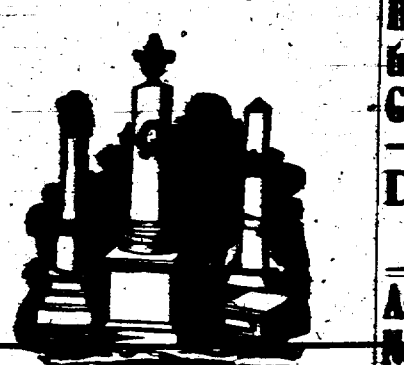
Phone messages to the mill receive prompt attention. Best market prices paid for grain.

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## Marble, Granite and all kinds of Cemetery Work

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Our repair services quick and efficient, because every one of our mechanics is an expert. No delays—no tinkering. All work guaranteed. Consultations free.

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# University of Virginia

## WE BUY R. R. TIES, ROUGH OAK LUMBER

Telegraph and Telephone Poles and Piling for which we pay cash.

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Better Than Ever Get it at your grocer's. Accept no other. We guarantee it both in QUANTITY and QUALITY. Let us do your baking.

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REASONABLE PRICES. Properly cased and equipped with a good pump.

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Lowest Possible Prices—Fair, Honest Dealing and Courteous Treatment

These are the cardinal principles of my business religion. Give me a call and try them out.

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At Manassas every Tuesday and Thursday. Washington address: 710 14th Street, N. W.

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This is the season to look over your needs for Wire, Rubber Roofing, Poultry Netting, Nails, Plows and Plow Repairs, Builders' Hardware, Remember, we are agent for the genuine Oliver Plows and Repairs.

# W. C. Wagener

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GOOD OPPORTUNITY to SELL YOUR FARM

# Two Carloads of Buggies

Prices From \$45.00 to \$100.00

We have just received one carload of Blue Ribbon Buggies, and one carload of the famous Haydocks—each made of the very best material available, bought in the white wood and painted as per our instructions.

Also all kinds of FARM IMPLEMENTS FERTILIZERS LIME

COW PEAS GRASS SEED

It will be worth your while to inspect our stock.

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Manassas, Va.

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Boarding by the Day Week or Month

Handy Equipped Thorough, Prompt Attention to all Orders

# HEAVY HAULING A SPECIALTY

# SOUTHERN RAILWAY

PREMIER CARRIER OF THE SOUTH

## SCHEDULE

In effect Jan. 18, 1914. Schedule figures published as information and are not guaranteed.

## Trains to MANASSAS as follows

### SOUTHBOUND.

No. 9—Daily local, 8:55 a. m. Divides connection at Orange daily except Sunday at C. & O. No. 408 for Gordonsville and Richmond.

No. 11—Daily local, 11:25 a. m. Local for Warrenton and intermediate points.

No. 15—Daily through train, 11:42 a. m. Will stop at Manassas on flag.

No. 13—Except Sunday 4:25 p. m.—local for Warrenton and intermediate points, Pullman Parlor Car.

No. 17—Except Sunday, local from Washington to Warrenton, 6:12 p. m.

No. 15—Daily local, 5:14 p. m.

No. 15—Daily through train, 11:05 p. m. Stops to let off passengers from Washington and Alexandria and to take on passengers for points at which scheduled to stop.

### NORTHBOUND.

No. 18—Except Sunday, local from Warrenton to Washington, 6:54 a. m.

No. 16—Daily through train between Manassas and Washington 7:10 a. m.

No. 214—Except Sunday. Arrive Manassas 10:45 a. m., from Warrenton and intermediate points. Pullman Parlor Car.

No. 20—Daily local, 1:40 p. m. Connects at Orange with C. & O. Railway from Richmond and Gordonsville.

No. 112—Except Sunday. Arrive Manassas 4:40 p. m., from Warrenton and intermediate points.

No. 44—Daily through train between Manassas and Washington, 6:35 p. m.

No. 30—Daily through train, coaches and dining cars for Washington, 8:10 p. m.

## MANASSAS—HARRISBURG BRANCH

### SOUTHBOUND.

No. 40—Daily local for Harrisonburg and intermediate points, 9:30 a. m.

No. 217—Daily local to Harrisonburg, 5:25 p. m.

No. 213—Daily except Sunday to Harrisonburg 4:40 p. m. Stops on flag at Harrisonburg, Kalvin and Linden. Pullman Parlor Car.

### NORTHBOUND.

No. 218—Daily local, 9:10 a. m.

No. 14—Daily except Sunday from Harrisonburg to Washington, 10:55 a. m. Pullman Parlor Car.

No. 20—Daily local train between Harrisonburg and Washington, local from Manassas to Washington, 1:56 p. m.

Trains Nos. 211, 212 and 14 connect with Main Line trains Nos. 9 and 10 between Manassas and Orange afford good service to and from Richmond through Gordonsville and C. & O. Railway.

E. H. COLEMAN, Agent, Manassas, Va.

S. H. BARTON, Agent, Manassas, Va.

H. F. CALY, Agent, Manassas, Va.

L. C. BROWN, Agent, Manassas, Va.

C. W. WELSH, Agent, Manassas, Va.

H. L. BISHOP, Agent, Manassas, Va.

# Manassas Horse Show

## July 29 and 30, 1914



**Some of the Most Noted Exhibitors and Horsemen  
in the Country will be in Attendance**

### **Government Offers Prizes for New Class**

Three New Classes have been added, Two of which will be Shown Over the Outside Jumps

**Music by Tansill's Military Band  
and Orchestra**

**Wright's Most Up-to-Date Merry-Go-Round and  
Other Amusements on the Grounds**

**Fine Grounds, Water and Shade. Come, Everybody, and Bring the Children.  
Meet Your Old Friends and Have a Good Time**

**General Admission, 25 Cents**



CARLIN'S TRUST SPEECH IS CAMPAIGN DOCUMENT

Masterly Address Drawn Out by Roosevelt's "River of Doubt" Feat.

(From the Richmond Times-Dispatch) Washington, July 16.—Theodore Tiller, of the staff of the Washington Times, has the following story in last Sunday evening's issue of that paper:

On May 28, 1914, late in the afternoon, Congressman Charles Creighton Carlin, of Alexandria, Va., arose in the House of Representatives and, as one of the three members who had framed the administration's principal anti-trust bill, delivered a masterly speech in explanation of that measure.

On May 26, 1914, at night, Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, former President, explorer, author and naturalist, faced a big audience under the auspices of the National Geographic Society and related the story of his trials in the jungles of South America. It was the "River of Doubt" in Washington, and at least passing interest was taken in the Colonel's story, throughout the United States, England, Brazil and other countries.

The papers next day contained columns about the "River of Doubt," lost canoes, jungle fever and red-headed South American Indians. The foregoing papers mentioned in a Congress summary, stuck in hurriedly about press time, that "The House continued debate on the anti-trust bill. Mr. Carlin and others spoke."

Hence this story. Mr. Carlin really delivered an important speech. He simply picked a bad time to make it, for since the discoveries of the Colonel had been challenged by certain Britishers, and the Colonel had just arrived home, and there was considerable speculation as to whether the jungle fever would prevent him from running for President in 1916—well, the Colonel just had the call on the news.

Carlin Didn't Mind It. The fact that little of Mr. Carlin's speech found its way into the newspaper columns is no reflection on the House speechmaker. It will be used as a campaign document by the Democratic party when the campaigns are on, and it is undoubtedly a valuable contribution to the Congressional Record, that usually dry publications, so the Virginia "trust buster" did not and should not feel cast down.

However, it is now proper, since the Colonel grabbed the front-page space on the night in question that Washington Alexandria, and the remainder of the country should know something about "Charlie" Carlin. He doesn't blow his own horn; he's probably starved to death as an advertising agent, but he has "arrived" in the field of national politics, and he won't be checked just because the House show ran counter to the Colonel's narrative of his South American expedition.

The morning after the Carlin speech and the Roosevelt lecture, a sympathetic newspaper friend sought out the Congressman and said: "Sorry we couldn't carry but a line of that speech of yours last night, but we were jammed."

"Sure," said Carlin. "I knew it would be that way, but I had to close the debate for our side. What could I expect with T. R. and his charts of the 'River of Doubt' in town?"

That's all he has ever said about it, although he started off that speech by saying that for six months he had practically been with the administration's trust bill night and day.

The statement is literally true. When the administration leaders determined that there should be anti-trust legislation at this session of Congress, somebody had to do the work.

Carlin Worked Hard. The preparation of the bill fell to the House Judiciary Committee. Manifestly the entire committee couldn't make headway with twenty-one members mulling over details, important and unimportant. The Democratic majority named a subcommittee, consisting of Chairman Henry D. Clayton, Charles C. Carlin and John C. Floyd. All three did hard work, but it is not possible to say who did the most.

Chairman Clayton was slightly ill from overwork during a part of the time the trust program was in the making. Mr. Floyd had to devote considerable attention to the subcommittee work on the report of the Lobby Investigating Committee. Mr. Carlin was free, and he buckled to it, the three members holding daily and nightly conferences among themselves and not infrequently with the President.

The bill was finally approved by the Judiciary Committee majority and brought into the House. It has the O. K. of President Wilson, who grew to admire the ability and hard work of the Clayton-Carlin-Floyd subcommittee.

That Mr. Carlin should present the concluding paragraph of the administration bill and in refutation of the minority attacks. He did the job excellently, modestly, convincingly, but the general public learned little about it in the newspapers because of that Roosevelt speech.

The trust debate, you understand, had been running along for days. There were speeches, good, bad and indifferent. Even the members were tired. Roosevelt, absent for months, was a novelty, an attraction returned. He got the headlines.

Anti-Trust Prophet Here. One hears early in life of the trite observation that a prophet is not without honor save in his own country. It has worked out that way many, many times. Washington, D. C., and Alexandria, Va., however, have an anti-trust prophet right here at home who has made good.

If one had gone to "Charlie" Carlin ten years ago with the prediction that within less than a decade he would be sitting among the seats of the mighty in the national Congress, would be hobnobbing with the President and other administration leaders on one of the most important policies of a new administration, and would be one of the three men actually whipping together the administration's compact with business, big and little, the Virginian probably would have smiled incredulously.

And yet, Carlin, "the trust-buster from across the Potomac," has, through sheer ability and good fortune of his party, brought this about. He is a comparatively young legislator, too, and if the Democracy remains in control, the field is an open one for other noteworthy achievements.

Congressman Carlin is a plain, everyday, capable, engaging sort of a fellow. He possesses ability without the "big head." He is a man well met without sacrificing a certain dignity that should go with office. He is frank in his dealings with his colleagues, his constituents, and the newspaper men—the three classes with whom he is most in contact. He has poise, attractive mannerisms, and an engaging personality. He would be at home in almost ever position one might place him.

When the trust bill was in the making it was essential that the public should know something of the developments.

Carlin a News Source. Mr. Carlin was to a large degree the news source of the committee, and this is not revealing any secret of intimating that he made public anything which the preparation might forbid. He simply had an understanding of the legislative game and the newspaper game, and he was of distinct aid to both.

Here's an illustration: When public interest was at its height concerning the various provisions of the administration's program, then known to less than a half a dozen men, an important White House conference was scheduled one night. Clayton, Carlin and Floyd; and possibly one or two others, were to be there to put finishing touches on the major provisions of the bill. Leaving the House office building late one afternoon, Congressman Carlin met a newspaper friend.

"There's to be a White House conference tonight," he saw, in an off-hand way.

"We'll be on the job," said the newspaper man. Messrs. Clayton, Carlin and Floyd took a street car going toward the White House. Mr. Clayton and Mr. Floyd, naturally of a more secretive disposition, glanced about apprehensively when three newspaper correspondents happened to be on the same car. Mr. Clayton whispered to Mr. Floyd. Mr. Floyd whispered to Mr. Carlin.

"Ah," said the two newspaper men not in on the Carlin tin.

"There's something in the air." To divert suspicion, evidently, Messrs. Clayton, Carlin and Floyd got off the car three blocks from the White House. They strolled into a restaurant, bought an apple or something else of inconsequential nature, and very deliberately meandered up the street.

Reading Newspaper News. "What a wonderful job you've pulled off the 'get-away' stunt in more accomplished style. The newspaper man who was on the evening's program tipped off his colleagues, and the three walked knowingly as the 'trust buster' finally reached the White House in roundabout way.

After the conference there was great surprise that the news-sheet correspondents were fully advised of the night conference. Carlin told "the boys" what he could without violating White House rules as to the ethics of the legislative game. He was cheerfully overheard when it came to matters about which he could not talk, but the story was on the front pages the next morning.

The incident merely shows that Carlin is a "regular fellow," and how he gets along with everybody by meeting them half-way. Mr. Carlin is what the biographers

would call a "well-made man." He was born in 1878, and had but fair advantages in early life, and has made his own way from a country lawyer to one of the really capable men of the House. He is now ranking Democrat on the powerful Committee on Judiciary, and is in line for the chairmanship when next there is a vacancy, if the Democrats remain in control. Mr. Clayton, who aided in the preparation of the trust bill, has been named to the Federal bench. Mr. Webb, senior in service, is now chairman, and next comes the name of Charles C. Carlin. Mr. Carlin is a graduate of the National Law University of this city. His son, Charles K. Carlin, is the president of the junior class at present. Considering the fact that he entered the House as recently as 1907, Mr. Carlin's career is a notable one.

ATTENTION TO COLT'S FEET

Practice and Observation Will Soon Enable Man to Determine Amount of Trimming Needed.

Regular attention to the feet of colts is absolutely necessary in this country. The hoofs often tend to grow in abnormal ways, too long on one side, tending to twist the fetlock joint, or too long at the toe, which tends to strain the ligaments, and which also tends to faulty action.

In trimming the hoof all that needs to be done can be done with a rasp. The hoof wall should be rasped off on the bottom surface until the relation of the heel, side and toe is approximately one, two and three in length, and the work should be done in such a manner as to cause the foot to rest squarely on the ground. Practice and observation will soon enable a man to determine just what trimming each colt needs and how often attention will be required. As a general rule the feet should be examined every six or eight weeks.

Handy Hoof Hook.

A HOOF HOOK should be included in the equipment of a well regulated stable. The feet of the horse should be cleaned every morning before he leaves the stable. The hoof hook will remove all litter, pebbles or anything that may have become lodged in the foot. This precaution may prevent injury to the sole or sensitive structures of the foot. If the feet become very dry, pack them daily for a week with some form of clay. Then apply to the wall to which has been added pine tar and...

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