

HERE, THE FREE-BORN MAN KNOWS NOT WHAT IT IS  
TO BE IN AWE OF ARBITRARY POWER.

Published by THOMAS THORNTON.

per Ann] THURSDAY July 21, 1796. [No. 7 of Vol. II

The NAVAL SUBALTERN.  
A Laceric Ode.  
Ben Bleck was a vet'ran of naval renown,  
And renews was his only reward;  
For the Board still neglected his merit,  
To crown,  
And so on he held with my Lord.  
Yet brave as old Beowulf was sturdy  
old Ben,  
And he laugh'd at the cannon loud roar.  
When the death dech'ng broad side made  
worms meat of men,  
And the scoppers were dreaming with  
gore!

For could a lieutenant's poor blood  
provoke,  
The launch far so despite scanty  
prog.  
But his Biscuit he'd brack, turn his quid  
crack his joke,  
And draw care in a forum of prog.  
Thus year after year, in a subaltern's state,  
Poor Ben for his king fought and  
died.

Till time had unroof'd all the thatch  
from his pate,  
And the hair from his temples had  
fed.  
When on humble saluting with fine-  
put bars,  
The first Lord of Admiralty came,  
Says his Lordship "Lieutenant you've  
lost all your hair"  
Since I last had a peep at your  
science!"  
Why my Lord replied Ben, "It with  
truth may be said,  
"While a bold peer a long have stood  
under,  
There have to many captains walk'd  
over my head  
That to see me quite bald, were  
no wonder."

BRUSH:  
These have to many captains walk'd  
over my head  
That to see me quite bald, were  
no wonder."

AN EPIC RAM.  
On a late quarrel between two Doctors  
in Warwick Lane.  
A DOCTOR late, on bloody deeds  
latent,  
A Challenge to a brother Doctor, (not  
More prudent he, and tender of his hide,  
By law the matter wishes to decide,  
To end this mighty business in a price  
Dear Doctors, take an unknown friend's  
advice;  
Let each for each a bold prescription  
draw—  
A fate more sure than pistol, sword, or  
law.

ANECDOTE.  
A Delegate in Congress, offered to  
make his reputation to a farthing, on the  
propriety of a certain measure, which  
himself had proposed. A gentleman in  
opposition, pronounced it the most equal  
bet, he had ever heard of.

NOTICE.  
By the President and direc-  
tors of the Quantico Company,  
It is ordered that ten dollars  
on each share subscribed be  
paid into the hands of Timo-  
thy Brundige, Treasurer by  
the Proprietors, on or before  
the first day of August next.  
Jesse Ewell Sec. President.  
James Smith  
James Driscoll  
James Murrill  
Geo. Bennett, Secretary

For Sale.  
SUPPOSED to be 275 acres of  
Land  
Lying in Stafford County, about eight  
miles from the town of Dumfries, & one  
from Mr. Thomas Chapman's Mill.—  
This Land is well adapted to the cul-  
ture of Corn, Wheat and Tobacco, well  
watered and remarkably healthy, there  
is a tolerable good Dwelling—

HOUSE,  
and convenient out-Houses, an apple  
Orchard of about three hundred trees,  
for terms apply to the subscriber,  
G. Wells,  
May 31, '96.

Proposals,

For Publishing by Subscription  
The MISCELLANEOUS POEMS  
Theatrical Pieces, &c. &c. written by  
Christopher Charles M'Grath,  
Comedias,  
CONDITIONS.

1. The work to be comprised in one  
Volume, duodecimo, and printed with a  
neat Type, by Mr. Thomas Thornton,  
Dumfries.

2. The price to Subscribers, ONE  
DOLLAR, half to be paid at the  
time of subscribing, and the remainder  
on delivery of the Book.

3. The Subscribers Names to be Al-  
phabetically inserted.  
4. The Publication to take place  
the first day of October, ensuing.  
Subscriptions received by the Author;  
at the Printing Office, Dumfries, and  
Alexandria, and by Messrs. M'Donnell  
and Kempe, Frederickburg;—at New-  
York, Baltimore, and Philadelphia.

5. Any description, or comment on  
the above design, would, to many fre-  
quenter of the Virginia and Maryland  
States, be altogether superfluous.  
The Author has, *professionally*, brought  
forward several of his Pieces in both  
States; and to the approbation with  
which they were occasionally honoured,  
he must now appeal for the hazard of a  
publication.  
Thursday, April 14, 1796.

WANTED,  
The subscriber wishes to take two boys  
who can come well recommended as  
Apprentices,  
to the law office of  
JOHN WATSON  
April 21, 1796.

CASH,  
FOR  
RAGS

City of Washington;  
January 11th 1796.  
Wanted at the Capitol and President's  
House,  
120 Good Labourers.  
To be hired by the year, 60 dollars pe-  
sonum, and accommodation will be given  
the master having them cloath-  
sick they will be attended by a Physician  
at the public expense. No deduction  
for time on account of sickness, but the  
labourers must not be withdrawn from  
Public employment earlier than the 30  
December next. Wages to be paid  
Quarterly.

Eliza O'Williams,  
For the Commissioners of the City.  
Just Received  
By the subscriber a large supply of

Fresh Goods,  
suited to the season which he will sell at  
the much reduced prices for ready cash or  
produce only. He returns his thanks to  
his friends for their encouragement  
since he commenced business in this place  
but is sorry to inform them that it is  
wholly out of his power to continue in  
the line of credit any longer, and sup-  
port his own, but hopes to merit a con-  
fidence of their favours in the ready  
pay line, which I trust they will find to  
their interest as it will enable me to sell  
them goods on much lower terms than  
they have hitherto been accustomed  
with.  
FRS. BOYLE.  
Elk-Riv, May 10, 1796.

NOTICE  
For the employment of HANDS.  
The President and Board of  
Directors of the Potomack  
company;

Having authorized me to engage a num-  
ber of Hands, wanted for their works,  
I give this public notice, to any person  
who are inclined to enter on their works  
That they shall have  
Liberal Wages, Sound Rati-  
ons Good Quarters,  
And every condition of agreement  
punctually fulfilled. Preference will be  
given to Quarry Labourers, and men  
accustomed to blasting stone.  
Such persons as are disposed to hire  
out their servants, by quarter, half year,  
or year, will meet with eager enco-  
uragement by application to me at the  
City of Washington.  
CHIS. MYERS.  
Engineer to the Potomac Company  
For Sale.  
By the subscriber a tract of

LAND,  
obtaining 220 odd acres adjoining the  
Land of General Thomas Nelson dec.  
in Prince William County and extending  
to the Bull-Run Church, where, at the  
junction of two large Roads, one leading  
to Dumfries the other to Alexandria,  
is an excellent situation for a tavern and  
Barr.  
The well known Reputation of this  
neighbourhood for its gentleness and agree-  
able society, and for fertility of soil will  
render any eulogium of this kind unne-  
cessary. Having authorized Mr. Ed-  
mond Brock who lives in the neighbour-  
hood to make sale thereof the land will  
be shown and terms made known by ap-  
plication to him.  
Lewis B. Whiting.  
May 19, 1796.

For Sale,  
Three or Four-Likely  
NEGROES  
On reasonable terms,  
FOR CASH.  
Apply to  
J. Taylor.

To the Patrons of The  
Journal;  
As number 52 finished the 18  
Volume of the Republican Journal, the  
Editor solicits a continuance of his pa-  
trons favours the ensuing Year, and re-  
turns his sincere thanks for the past.  
Those who are in arrears, are most  
earnestly requested to pay their respective  
balances to the following Gentlemen.

These who's papers are left at Daring-  
ton's Tavern, are requested to make pay-  
ment to  
Major Burr Peyton, or  
Captain Charles Aqueth  
At Newgate or Centreville,  
Francis Adams, off.  
Mr. John Ellis.  
New-Market,  
Mr. Jesse Cornwell,  
Red-Bayle,  
Mr. William Tysler,  
Greenough,  
Colonel James Conwell,  
Capt. S. Ewell,  
Barnet's Tavern,  
Mr. Andrew Barnitt,  
Fauquier Court-House,  
Mr. John Turner,  
Elk-Run Church,  
Mr. Francis Boyle,  
Mr. William Gannon,  
Charles County, Maryland,  
Mr. William Millhead.  
Or to the Editor, at the Printing-Office.

Notice  
The subscriber gives this public notice  
to all persons indebted to Thomas Ol-  
iver deceased; that having made every  
necessary arrangement for settling his  
affairs she requests in the most earnest  
manner all indebted to come forward and  
pay their respective balances to enable  
her to close the accounts. Those who  
have any claims against the deceased  
will please send in their accounts pro-  
perly authenticated that speedy method  
may be taken for their discharge.  
She begs leave to inform her friends  
and the public in general that the busi-  
ness will be carried on as formerly but  
in the  
Wet & Dry  
Good  
line; she hopes that from the low price  
of the articles for sale and her attention  
to please the favours of a generous pub-  
lic will be increased.  
RACHEL OLIVER,  
Administrix, of  
THOS. OLIVER, De-  
May 25, '96.

Eight DOLLARS Reward  
RAN AWAY from the Sub-  
scriber, living in Stafford County,  
Virginia, on Thursday, 30th ultimo, a  
NEGRO MAN,  
Named,  
DANIEL

About Forty-five years of age. Five feet  
eight or nine inches high, dark complexion,  
of a dark complexion, has lost some of  
his front teeth, and has a little when  
spoken to. Had on when he went away,  
a White half-brown Coat, Gray  
Cloth Jacket, Osnaburg Breeches, a  
pair of Striped half-waists, and an old Fel-  
low Hat, but as he has other cloaths, he  
may change his dress. He had a half-  
worn double mill'd Gray; loose Green  
Coat, with large plated, carved buttons.  
A Black Satin Coat, almost new,  
white Jean Jacket and three shirts. It is  
more than probable he may have obtain-  
ed his pass, and endeavor to pass as a  
free man.

I will give the above REWARD if any  
person will secure him to say Good by,  
that I get him again, and all reasonable  
charges paid if brought home.  
JAMES MURRAY, Junr.

Stafford County, July 6, 1796.  
N. B. All persons are forward from  
hunting or employing said Negro  
J. M.

FOR  
Humanity!  
ELIZA LA GRAIZE,  
whose maiden name was JONES  
escaped upwards of two years  
since from the horrid traffick of  
Cape Francois, and wandering  
about, without the means of re-  
sisting herself to her friends, hav-  
ing been long in quest of her  
single JAMES JOHNSTONE,  
who has refused to supply her  
with bread, she has been driven  
to America—takes this method of  
informing him, that she is  
DISEASED, and DE-  
STITUTE, and of supplic-  
ating his assistance and relief.  
A line, if desired for her by post,  
or any other way, to the Reverend  
JON MURRAY, No. 5, Fran-  
lin-Place, Boston, (Mass.) will  
come safe to hand.  
Boston, June 8.

A List of Letters remaining  
in the Post-Office at Dum-  
fries, which will be return-  
ed to the General Post-  
Office, if not taken out by  
the 1st-October, next.

John Anderson.  
Chester Bailey, near Dumfries.  
William Corwell, care of Mr. Lithgow.  
John Dunbar, 5, Toward Dudge,  
Langhorne Dudge, William Dug.  
William Edwards.  
Francis Foulke, Junr. William Fauquier  
Fauquier; Colonel Charles Fierg.  
John Grant Junr. William Gray Junr.  
Peter Glasgow.  
Thomas Hatfield son of Thomas.  
Elizabeth Hightlett, care of Dr.  
W. Scott.  
Daniel King, Sr. Prince William.  
Newman Matthews, P. Wm. Isaac Hooper,  
Henry Mays, Fauquier, John M.  
Daniel.  
Henry Peyton, senior Fauquier, Lacey  
Pain.  
Wm. Rze, Henrich Reeves.  
Wm Skinner, near the R. House,  
John Sanders, P. Wm. Skinner, care  
of Wm. Sanders.  
Major Vermont, Mrs. Hannah Wash-  
ington Sarah Watson.  
John Yeoman, on Occoquan, care of A.  
Alexander, Lithgow.

TIMOTHY BRUNDIGE, P. M.  
Dumfries, July 6, 1796.

NOTICE.  
By the President and direc-  
tors of the Quantico Company,  
It is ordered that ten dollars  
on each share subscribed be  
paid into the hands of Timo-  
thy Brundige, Treasurer by  
the Proprietors, on or before  
the first day of August next.  
Jesse Ewell Sec. President.  
James Smith  
James Driscoll  
James Murrill  
Geo. Bennett, Secretary

TAKEN up by the sub-  
scriber, on Friday, 24th inst. a  
BRIGHT  
Bay Horse,

about 15 hands high, supposed to be 7  
or 8 years old, shod all round, a small  
bar and ring in his forehead, prot. and  
gaiters.  
The above Horse was taken in the  
park of a Negro Man, who calls  
himself, WILLIAM CARNEY, and says  
he is the property of Mr. Edward Har-  
rison of Richmond. When apprehend-  
ed, he had with him the following ar-  
ticles of wearing apparel, viz.  
A white silk stockings, mark'd, I. B.  
ditto ditto E. H.  
A pair ditto, no mark.  
A pair white cotton rib'd ditto, I. B.  
A pair white yarn ditto, I. H.  
A pair white & blue stripes, cotton &  
silk stockings, no mark.  
A pair coarse white thread ditto, no  
mark.  
A multip cravats,  
A white linen shirt, ruffled at breast,  
A striped & flower'd silk jacket  
A white muslin ditto, striped  
A pair muslin breeches.  
A pair yellow linnen ditto.  
A yellow linnen coat.  
A muslin waist  
A pair of white check handkerchiefs.  
A pair fashionable pinbook buckles.  
The owner or owners, may have the  
above, by proving property, and paying  
charges.

SAMUEL DAVIS,  
Dumfries, July 12, 1796.  
N. B. The above mentioned Horse  
is now confined in Dumfries, Gaol.

TO BE RENTED,  
Tavern,  
And possession given on the  
16th of September next, if not  
noted.  
With all its appurtenances,  
in the Town of Dumfries,  
now occupied by Mrs. Wil-  
liams. For terms apply to  
HANNAN SHUTE,  
near Elk-run Church,  
or to  
PHILIP DAWE,  
in Dumfries.  
July 7, 1796.  
Bidden on the 6th July, from a horse  
that strayed from Mr. Lomas down a  
bridge and stable, in probability they were  
taken in or near Dumfries, at the hour  
mentioned near town the next morning  
Whoever will give information of the  
above articles shall be handsomely reward-  
ed by applying to  
Gardner,  
at Mr. D. C. Br.'s,  
Elk-run.

AT THE SCHOOL in Dumfries kept  
by Mr. John Gouldrick, where is  
taught the English Language; Reading;  
Writing, Arithmetic, Practical Geome-  
try, Trigonometry, Surveying, Naviga-  
tion, Geography, Algebra, and every  
part of the Mathematics, to those who  
wish to make that Science their  
Study.  
An examination of the young gentle-  
men that attend said School, was held on  
Saturday, the second instant, in the pre-  
sence of us, the Subscribers, when the  
abilities of the Teacher, and the great  
improvement of the Scholars in the  
different branches of Science, above-men-  
tioned, (until you came to Algebra, in  
which none of them had made a begin-  
ning) were displayed greatly to the sa-  
tisfaction of us all.—We cannot help  
adding, that those parents who have boys  
of eleven years of age, or upwards, and  
who wish that they be educated in any  
of the above-mentioned branches of  
Science, will never repent, but greatly re-  
joice, that they sent them to Mr. Goul-  
rick to be educated; his conduct, and  
behaviour appearing to us to be extreme-  
ly exemplary, which is to be extremely  
glorious to his pupils.  
Alexander Lithgow,  
Bernard Callaghan,  
Philip Dawe,  
Timothy Brundige,  
William Livingston,  
James Murrill,  
James Smith,  
Wm. Houghby Tabb,  
John Gibbons.  
Dumfries, July 4, 1796.

For Sale,  
The Lot and improvements at Fauquier  
Court House, which for several years  
has been occupied as a tavern or other  
ordinary, together with all the house-  
hold, kitchen, and bar furniture, and  
which is now furnished, and which with  
the addition of a very few articles would  
be sufficient for carrying on the business  
of the most extensive and lucrative place.

This house is so generally known, not  
only for an extensive inn of twelve  
beds, but for its situation, and other  
public days, but likewise and more espe-  
cially as a noted stand for travellers as  
to render it unnecessary to urge anything  
on that subject, as an inducement for  
purchasing.  
With respect to the convenience of the  
house and other improvements, the  
Quantity and quality of the furniture  
as is so perfect that any person is  
able to purchase will do well to be  
satisfied with a difference to uncertainty.  
I shall only add that one half the purchase  
money will be required on making a  
legal conveyance (Which I am ready to  
do and Give possession any Moment) the  
other half to be paid in three equal  
payments with satisfactory security.  
Whom legal interest, from the date of sale  
JOHN TURNER.  
Fauquier Court house July 1796.  
N. B. Should the above premises not  
be sold previous to the fourth Monday  
in next Month (being Court-day) it will  
then be sold at public sale, the same  
to be made known on that day. I T

One on CONTENT.

CONTENT, by many thou are sought, But lo! it is all in vain; Few can afford to buy it, and Fewer still can obtain.

The miser mourns his sad fate, It irks his greedy heart; No tongue his follies can relate, For money he must part.

The Tenant is deprived of peace, Of dirt and noise he's full; The lady says, "Oh cruel fate!" He is indeed distressed.

The school boy dreads a fatal day, Black Monday draws on near; There is no sign of holiday, To school must he appear.

Young love sick O'Connell's fair, His anguish is complete, Behold, he madly tears his hair, And noddy curses fate.

Charity's lap-dog is so bad, Her devotion is in vain; It makes the lovely virgin sad, No comfort she'll obtain.

Oh! let not riches be your aim, Nor idle pomp of dress; Be ever titled or great name, Combine to make us great.

But virtue's path forever tread, If you would gain God's rest; These happiness will soon take place, And harbor in your breast.

A Fragment.

"What am I," cried a poor emaciated slave, worn out with fatigue, he had fought the cooling shade of a spreading oak. Sixty years, have I passed in slavery to a cruel master, now I am going—here the anguish of his mind effectually deprived him of the power of speech; I perceived the agitation of his heart—I alighted from my horse, a few steps brought me to the place where he lay, unperceived, I stood for a few moments contemplating the situation of this unfortunate of Africa. "Canst thou man said I pass the few years of trouble allotted him here without enslaving his fellow creatures? Is there no means whereby he may obtain even riches but by the sweat and toil of the lab'rs of Africa? Surely men were once formed to be slaves, nature's bath given them different complexions, but the loss of freedom the poor Negro laments. Here the unhappy wretch was called upon to renew his daily labour, his feeble limbs could not support him, he seem'd to welcome death that ead him of his pains and let him free.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DAVID Bayle at the Sign of the Fan, the corner below Mr. Smeath's Tavern, has just received, in addition to his former assortment, a general assortment of wet and Dry Goods suitable to the present & approaching Season, which will sell on very low terms for cash or Country Produce.

The following is the address, delivered at the meeting of Dr. Rittenhouse, President of the Philosophical Society in this city by the Reverend Dr. Green.

This is eminently the tomb of us and of justice. Their children, many, here deposited, and their blood will make the country in tears. I but here to pronounce—The thought that cognates my mind is this—much more clear and impressive must he views which the immortal presence of God, of his infinite existence, of his adorable attributes—of that eternal blaze of glory which emanates from him, than when he was blinded by the veil of flesh. Accustomed as he was to penetrate far into the universe—as a corporeal or mental vision here can reach, still, what new and extensive scenes of wonder have opened on his eyes enlightened and invigorated by death! The discoveries of Rittenhouse since he died have already been more and greater than while he lived. Yes, and could he address us from the spiritual world, his language would be—

All, all on earth is shadow, all beyond is substance—the reverse is folly a creed, He would, doubtless, admonish us to live for eternity and not for time. He would warn us to regard the whole period of this shadowy and passing state as a space of instruction, of discipline, of trial—of preparation for a state that is to follow. And he would charge us to use all our talents and endowments under the sensible influence of this impression, and to discharge the whole business of life with this view. This is a view truly great and elevated; truly and only worthy of an intellectual, moral and immortal being. This is the view that unadorned human life; that gives meaning to all its seeming mysteries; that explains the intention of all its trials, its afflictions, and its trials; that presents an object suited to the celestial graspings of the soul of which we are all conscious, but which no mortal ever did, or ever can fill with any profession or attainment on this side the grave. Say that a future world, is to rectify the disorders, to supply the deficiencies to compensate the labours, and to reward the sufferings of the present. Say, that the soul of virtue shall there drink to the full, shall expand her faculties, and pursue her pleasures without hindrance, and shall find that "these light afflictions which are but for a moment, work out for her, a far more exceeding and eternal weight of glory," and give you dignity to the present state of man. He is free to live for, and call, merely in this world, and worthy of all his efforts and of all his distress. Withdraw this view, and you see in him nothing but the enigma of creation. But, blessed be God, this view cannot be withdrawn from the believing mind. It is opened and rendered permanent by the pure word of revelation. This word affords us a future prospect. It assures the pardon of sin and eternal life, to him who relies, by faith, on the infinite merits of the Redeemer. It teaches that through repentance and the restoration of our nature by the spirit of grace, the human mind may be purged from its moral defilement as to be admitted to the presence, & capacitated for the enjoyment, of increased purity. That when thus attuned it shall actually dwell with God forever, and eternally grow larger in its conceptions of him, and of his various and ineffable excellences diffused through the immensity and diversity of his works. The same word instructs us that all the dispensations of Providence towards us here, are means wisely calculated to produce in us the celestial temper, and to fit us for the transcendent felicity we contemplate. Filled with these reflections, let us go from this tomb and resolve to regard the designation of our nature. Rightly regarding this, we shall fill up life with usefulness and duty, we shall bear its burdens with patience, and we shall look forward to its close with pleasure. We shall consider death but as the birth of a new and noble existence as a dark but sure passage to the regions of glory. July 2nd.

In the very agony of our change we may exclaim in triumph, "O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory?" Thanks be to God who gives us the victory, through our Lord Jesus Christ.

Republican Journal.

DUMFRIES July 21st

On the 4th July, a grand assembly of Ladies and Gentlemen of the neighbourhood of the Redoubt, met at Mr. Gardner's, to commemorate the anniversary of American Independence. While an elegant entertainment was prepared, and the day spent in festive mirth and perfect harmony. After dinner the following toasts were drank, composed by a committee of the following Gentlemen, Edward Carter, Edmond Brook, John B. Armitage, Wm. Armitage, and Wm. Tyler Esqrs.

1 The Day. May the great luminosity of the universe always rise equally auspicious on the political prospects of America, as it does on the present day.

2 The President. May our country receive to the last ages the same happy Effects from the administration of his successors as she has from his.

3 The Federal Legislature. May her Councils be directed by the purest principles of Virtue, Integrity, and patriotism.

4 The constitution of America. May it preserve its present purity to the end of time.

5 The French Republic. May her Exertions in defence of the rights of man, be rewarded with National prosperity.

6 May a firm attachment to the cause of Liberty ever predominate against the friends of Tyranny and Oppression.

7 May the neutrality of America ever be bottomed on National right and Honor.

8 The State Governments. May they support the Great Government so long, as her administration is characterized by the true principles of the Constitution.

9 May the universal wish of the people of the United States be gratified, by the President continuing in Office.

10 The American Ambassadors to Foreign Courts. May the objects of their missions be fully accomplished.

11 May the beneficial effects of the Treaties lately ratified by Foreign Nations, exceed the warmest expectations of their good-will friends.

12 The State of Tennessee. May her connection with the Federal Government, be the aim of her political prosperity.

13 May the wrath of plenty crown the Harbours of America.

14 The commerce of America. May it exist without restraint with all nations of the world.

15 The FEMALE WORLD. May the author of our being crown their lives with the blessings of conjugal happiness.

16 May we meet again to celebrate this happy day.

Flopp is depreciating very fast; at Alexandria it is as low as 7 and an half Dollars; Mellis Ricketts and Newton, of that place have advertised, that on delivering five or six

hundred barrels, [left with them in storage] a great part, on inspection proved pure; we, come frequently, from that may suggest, that the price will be reduced daily. In France, it is but 7 dollars per bushel. Such a change in Five vessels have returned to Massachusetts, from the Streets, with their cargoes of Wheat. No market! All produce much reduced; Wheat but six shillings per bushel.

The ship, Mount Vernon, Captain Brookes, sailed on Thursday last from Alexandria for London.

TO be Sold At Milford, in Prince Wm County, on FRIDAY, 26th August next, if fair, otherwise the next fair day, 10 or 12 LIKELY NEGROES,

For Ready Money, By the Administrators of JOHN SELDON,

Deceased.

July 18, 1796.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS the Rev. Nathaniel Green, hath for sometime past in a publication of his, forwarded all persons from purchasing a bond given by him to me, for the sum of sixteen pounds, which he says he paid; I do pronounce the saying of the Clergyman to be palpable falsehood, and that I never received a billing of his money in payment of his bond, as he says, and that we never had face or acquaintance, nor other dealings, than the purchase he made of me, for which I took his bond, and from the taking of the bond, to the present moment, we have not changed five words one with the other; when the bond became due, or soon after, I sent to him to come and take it up, which he did not do, but shortly after made his publication; at which time I suspect the Doctor's head was full of his religion and accumulative views, as a Quack Doctor's box newly fitted up from the Drugist's Shop. These proceedings of his with many others I could mention, similar to this, ought to be a caution and guard to every person that may fall in his way. And if the Court should see things he is unjustly buttressed with the above assertions, let him bring forward proof to acquit himself.

W. M. Powell.

July 7, 1796.

Scenes on the 6th July, from a bark that strayed from Mr. Lewis door a bridle and saddle, 'tis probable they were taken in or near Dunbarton, at the bridge one found near some the next morning. Whoever will give information of the above articles shall be suitably rewarded by applying to

Gerrard, at Mr. D. C. Brown's

Richmond.

From the Aurora, PHILADELPHIA, July 13.

By a gentleman arrived in one of the last vessels from the West Indies, we have the following information.

DISURBANCE AT PORT OF SPAIN, TRINIDAD.

An affair took place about the 10th May, between Capt. Vaughan, of the English frigate Astor, and some of his officers and crew, and some French privateers men (who had been driven on shore by an English frigate late in the evening). It is impossible to ascertain from which party the offence came, but the day succeeding, Captain Vaughan boarded the King's ship with 215 men, armed for offence, and advanced to the point square with drums beating and colours flying; on this the Republicans called "To arms." The Governor of the island Chacon, went to Capt. V. and requested him to retire on board his vessel, if he had any regard for his men, as the English inhabitants of the island, as by a contrary conduct he sacrificed the lives and property of all.

Captain Vaughan told the Governor, pointing to the English colours a rage, saying, "that has been insulted, and must be satisfied"; but on the Governor's further remonstrance he retired. In a few minutes the Republicans landed in the square, and commenced firing on some of the English inhabitants and others who ran from them. Some were killed and some made their escape. The Republicans at length were pacified, and drawn off by the humane and prudent Captain Bodeau of the French privateer that had been driven ashore in that island.

which fortunately prevented further mischief, and prevented an insurrection of the Negroes, which was meditated by some of the French privateers.

Some of the French privateers were again tranquil, it was said that 9000 Republicans and blacks, who under arms shortly after the landing of Captain Vaughan.

DUBLIN, April 30.

The speculations on Spain, for the Spanish and American markets this year, exceeds any similar instance since the commencement of the war.

The proprietors of the Westford bridge, at a late meeting unanimously agreed to pay Mr. Lemuel Cox, 10000, and made him a present of one hundred guineas and a piece of plate, value twenty guineas.

The English Ministry have received certain advices, that at least the principal part of the first Dutch fleet is safely moored in Brest water. It is supposed to be detached from it has gone to the East or West Indies.

Our last letters from London advise that an order had been issued by the Admiralty, for an immediate levy of 10000 seamen, by impress or otherwise. This peremptory order is said to be the consequence of communications made by the late Coranna mail, that determination had been taken to place in the cabinet of his Catholic Majesty.

They write from Algiers, that if the threatened war between Russia and the Pasha actually takes place, a fleet of 20 ships of the line will sail from Carthage, to second the operations of the Turkish Squadron in the Black Sea.

Should the above dreadful event come to pass, which from the present prospect of affairs is highly probable, we must, of course, take most with us, the Emperor of Russia, a circumstance that must render a rupture with Spain inevitable.

Where the Hillsman, in future ages, shall record the transactions of the present time, he must certainly be at

Wanted to hire, by the month, or otherwise, a Negro Woman, ENQUIRE at the Printing Office.

From the Salem Gazette, Mr. CARLTON.

In a recent letter from Jamaica, I learn and with pain report, that there are now on board the different privateers and the adjacent British ports, upwards of an hundred American Seamen, who are lawfully held in bondage, and who are treated in a manner, that must be truly degrading to the souls of freemen. Several of them have died in consequence of the hardships they received from the command of the officers to compel them to enlist.

Often times they are put in irons, and confined for many days in order "to cure them of their obstinacy" to use the British adopted phrase. I wish not to accuse our government of neglecting this worthy class of citizens—but their sufferings have been almost too long insupportable.

It has an agreeable appearance, and heightens up the faces of our old Indian traders, to see twenty or thirty waggon loads of furs at a time coming in to our city—and augurs favourably, a return of the immensely rich Indian trade we once participated in.

We are informed, that a treaty is now holding at Buffalo Creek, between the Proprietors of the Coast, and Western Reserve, and certain Tribes of Indians. General Cleveland is at the treaty, and the Hon. Mr. Oliver Phelps, is on his way thither.

Yesterday week, there was uncommon hail storm, at Milton, &c. in Saratoga county. It did great damage to the gardens, Indian corn, grain, and grass. Many of the fall hoes was as large as hen's eggs, and the day following were to be seen in considerable quantities as big as walnuts.

On the 4th ult. a most terrible hurricane, attended with thunder, lightning, and hail, raged with an enormous size, was felt at Hartford State of New-York.

Great havoc was made amongst the grain, grass, trees, gardens, &c. In some gardens even the cabbage were torn up by the root. By the violence of the wind, one house was removed from its foundation. A woman was killed by the lightning.

NEW YORK July 8.

Sunday arrived the brig John and Joseph, capt. Benjamin Perkins, from Jamaica 70 days.

On his passage was boarded by the privateer ship Spencer, his papers overhauled, & other wife detained, because having one of his men, whom they preferred. He was a native of New York, and had a regular protection specifying his birth, parentage &c. But they insisted the woman's British subject, damned the protection, said they wanted men, and that they would have taken another, but being assured that one of his people was lying dead below, they mercifully permitted the John and Joseph to depart.

INSRIPTION.

On the collar of Mr Pitt's faithful Sheep-dog, at Helwood in Kent.

How I woe I look about you all, In sheep's clothes; 'Tis the mischief our time my game, he not ROSE.

For I follow his ways like a sheep-biting photon.

Scrup you first of your sheep then fall foul of your master!

Wanted to hire, by the month, or otherwise, a Negro Woman, ENQUIRE at the Printing Office.

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When the flock was taken they delivered a united protest, intimating that the flock was taken was done to every duty which may be laid on in the course of the present session.

Arrived here the Brig Dolphin, capt. Aaron Wingate, in six days from Barbadoes; two French gentlemen came passengers with him, one of whom arrived in the French Fleet which left France about two months past, consisting of 3 ships of the line, 16 frigates, and 4 corvettes, having on board 10000 French troops, 15000 stand of arms, and a great supply of ammunition and military stores. The Cape all was quiet, no appearance of insurrection. The negroes have returned to their work; as the French Directory have decreed, that they shall receive one quarter part of the produce of their labour. The Mulletto General Vallate, who headed the late rebellion in Cape Francois, was taken with 40 of his accomplices, and are confined on board one of the ships to be sent to France for trial.

The gentleman from France is a person of general department and shows a knowledge of men and measures, which may eventually prove too alarming to these States. He came out with the aforementioned fleet and took passage in the first vessel bound to these States, and was using every possible measure to reach Philadelphia.

He reports that the whole republic of France regrets the conduct of the American Congress in making a shameful and derogatory Treaty with Great Britain, which he considers with the existing Treaty between France and America that the alliance, which was founded in torrents of blood, and for the preservation of the Liberties of the United States, procured and defended by the aid of French arms and armies, should (it was feared) seem to be at an end. An American in France is looked upon with unenvied attention, as inimical to the rights of men, and all familiarity with them had ceased. Our nation's faith is depicted and the whole people are of opinion that the greater part of the American government are under British influence, for they could never have refused the proffered terms of most honorable commercial connection with France, to a treaty with England, which appears with every humiliating circumstance, with every petition and adulating supplication. They consider this dereliction of their of their French protectors as ending to a supplication, that they would soon become a conquered people to the powerful combination against them. He says, the late treaty with Britain is more prejudicial to them than all the distressing events of the present war, and for political reasons they acquiesce with seeming indifference to its effects; but it is feared our peace and neutrality will soon be interrupted by the present vigour of the Directory, which may soon adopt some decisive measures to punish America for her ingratitude. The people's confidence was daily decreasing, and all uncertainty matters had dispersed, and provisions, and every necessity of life, was cheaper than in America, and in great plenty; a stranger among them, would scarce imagine that they were so near.

EPICRAM. I THINK, cries Peter, 'tis a pity, But all the Cockshills in the City, Collected to one point should be, And plough'd together in the Sea— Right, quoth his Wife, who then said, Standing near, It would be better had she TOU found my Dear?