NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 8-86) VLR - 12/13/88 NR++P 10/30/89

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

HISTORIC SITE FILE: Mount Atlas
PRINCE WILLIAM PUBLIC LIBRARY SYSTEM
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This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations of eligibility for individual properties or districts. See instructions In Guidelines for Completing National Register Forms (National Register Bulletin 16.) Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the requested information. If an item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable" For functions, styles, materials and areas of significance, enter only the categories and subcategories listed in the instructions. Far additional space use continuation sheets (Form 10-900a) Type all entries.

1. Name of Property							
historic name: Mt. Atlas			West of the Property of the Parket				
other names/site number: 76	3-15						
2. Location							
s reet num er:				HOLDER CONTROL TO THE			
city, town: Haymarket				X vicinity			
state: Virginia code: VA	cour	ity: Prince William co	de: 153 zip code:	22069			
3. Classification		Secretary and the					
Ownership of Property	Category of Property		Number of Resou	rces within Property	150		
X private		building(s)	Contributing	Noncontributing			
public-local	X	district	2	1 buildings			
public-State		site	2	sites			
public-federal		structure		structures			
		object		objects			
		00,000	4	1 Total			
Name of related multiple pro	porty liet	ting:					
Name of related multiple property listing: N/A			Number of contributing resources previously				
147			listed in the National Register: 0				
4. State/Federal Agency C	ertificati	on					
TO SERVE WELL THE STREET							
As the designated authority	under the	National Historic Pres	servation Act of 1966, as	s amended, I hereby certify that this	S		
				ndards for registering properties in			
National Register of Historic	Places a	nd meets the procedu	ral and professional regi	uirements set forth in 36 CFR Part	60		
In my opinion, the propertyn					00.		
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Signature of certifying officia	1			Date			
State or Federal agency and	bureau						
In my opinion, the property_	_meets	_ does not meet the N	National Register criteria	. S e e continuation sheet.			
Signature of commenting or	other off	cial		Date			
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State or Federal agency and	bureau						
5. National Park Service C	ertificati	on					
I, hereby, certify that this pro	perty is:						
entered in the National F	Register.						
determined eligible lor th		al					
Register. S e e c							
determined not eligible for		orronoot					
National Register.	Ji tile						
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removed from the Nation	ial Regist	er.					
other, (explain:)							

6. Function or Use Historic Functions (enter categories from instructions) **Current Functions** VACANT/ Not in use DOMESTIC/ Single Dwelling DOMESTIC/ Secondary Structure FUNERARY/ cemetery AGRICULTURE/SUBSISTENCE/ processing 7. Description Materials (enter categories from instructions) Architectural Classification (enter categories from instructions) foundation: Limestone walls: Wood COLONIAL/ Georgian LATE VICTORIAN/ Victorian Vernacular roof: Metal other: Wood porch 20TH CENTURY REVIVALS/ Classical Revival Describe present and historic physical appearance. X See continuation sheet 8. Statement of Significance Certifying official has considered the significance of this property in relation to other properties statewide X locally nationally Applicable National Register Criteria D E B D F G Criteria Considerations (Exceptions) Areas of Significance Period of Significance Significant Dates ARCHITECTURE 1790-1800 1795 1870-1910 Cultural Affiliation N/A Significant Person Architect/Builder

State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations and areas and periods of significance noted above.

unknown

X See continuation sheet

N/A

9. Major Bibliographical References

X See continuation sheet

Previous documentation on file (INPS):
preliminary determination of individual listing
(36 CFR 67) has been requested
previously listed in the National Register
previously determined eligible by the National Register
designated a National Historic Landmark
recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey #
recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #

Primary location of additional data:

X State historic preservation office Other State agency Federal agency

X Local government University

Other: Specify repository:

Prince William Planning Dept. Virginia Dept. of Historic Resources

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			to provide the feeling					
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11. Form	Prepared	Ву						
11. Form		William T.	Frazier and George	e W. Polhill, Jr.				
name/title	ion	William T. Frazier As	ssociates	e W. Polhill, Jr.	date	July 1		
name/title	ion d number	William T. Frazier As		e W. Polhill, Jr.	date telephone	(703)	988 886-6230 de 24401	

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SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

Mt. Atlas is a two-and-one-half-story, Georgian style, frame dwelling dating from the late eight-eenth century. The structure has three bays and a single-pile, side hall plan. Additions include the front porch, dormer windows, and a rear ell. The house has a single, exterior, stone rubble, end brick chimney, a metal gable roof, and a fine, molded, boxed comice with modillions that is original. The interior retains much of its fine woodwork including the parlor Federal mantel and an overmantel that contains an early-nineteenth-century portrait painted on the paneling. The house has been vacant for several years and is in deteriorated condition. A frame smokehouse is located behind the main house to the west. Some of the grounds are overgrown and two other outbuildings, the former kitchen and a carriage house, have been demolished. In 1974 the current owners constructed a one-story residence that is located across the lane to the north of the original house. Sited on 8.17 acres, Mt. Atlas is now entered from the west off of Mt. Atlas Road (State Route 731) although it faces east and access was formerly gained off of Padgett Drive, formerly known as Carriage Lane. Mt. Atlas is located north of Haymarket near the settlement of Waterfall in northwest Prince William County.

ARCHITECTURAL ANALYSIS

Mt. Atlas is a two-story, gable-roofed dwelling with three bays and a side hall plan; it rests on a coursed stone foundation. The exterior is clad with weatherboards and the facade boxed cornice has carved modillion blocks. The two-bay front porch was added in the early twentieth century. Its coursed stone foundation is said to have come from the remains of a demolished kitchen. Three vernacular Roman Doric columns on raised concrete piers support a partially hipped roof which is covered with standing seam metal. The roof of the main house is currently clad with asphalt shingles.

The first floor windows are nine-over-nine sash with a plain architrave surround that is probably a mid-to-late-nineteenth-century replacement. These first floor sash were replaced in the 1950s, according to the current owner. The upper floor windows contain six-over-six sash as do the

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gable-roofed, shingle-clad dormers that were added in the early twentieth century. The exterior end chimney is constructed of coursed stone rubble with brick above the shoulder. The front door is constructed of six raised panels and is capped by a transom with five lights. Between these two entrance elements is an unusually pronounced cyma recta molding.

On the south end there is a recently constructed, one-story porch that leads down into the cellar and is completely overgrown.

The late-nineteenth-century, one-and-one-half-story frame ell extends off the west rear of the dwelling and contains the kitchen and dining room, although it was originally just one room. It has a shallow gable roof, six-over-six windows, a coursed stone rubble foundation, and is clad in German siding. A one-story, shed-roofed porch with a brick foundation was added to the south side of the ell in the 1920s. It has been enclosed with German siding.

The side hall interior plan is single-pile with the exception of a small chamber located behind the entrance hall. The single-flight open-string staircase is on the north wall of the hall and features winders at the bottom. It has ornamental brackets, a square newel with a molded cap, a molded handrail, and plain square balusters which are turned on the diagonal. There is a closet underneath the stair with a raised four-panel door that retains curly maple graining as does the door into the west chamber. The stairwell is lit by a nine-paned casement window in the north wall that retains its original molded surround and much of its original glass. The six-panel front door still has its original H-L hinges.

The most interesting interior feature is the painted overmantel in the parlor that was probably done first quarter of the nineteenth century. It features a folk portrait of a young lady and is titled *Maiden in Prayer*, according to the current owner. The subject, possibly a daughter of the Carter family, is featured in early-nineteenth-century dress with balloon sleeves, a white collar, and a cape. Her black hair is arranged in ringlettes. The portrait is placed within a painted oval mat that is surrounded by a square painted frame set within rectangular painted bands with cut corners.

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The overmantel has fluted pilasters with molded capitals that support an ornately carved crown molding that includes a cyma reversa molding and echinus moldings. The lower pilasters of the mantel are also fluted. They support the mantel shelf, which includes torus molding and two rows of cyma reversa moldings. The frieze is undecorated with the exception of a narrow surrounding molding that is shouldered at the corners and indented on the sides. The picture molding was added in the early twentieth century.

There are raised six-panel doors, original beaded chair rail with a molded cap, and original molded and beaded baseboards throughout the house. The floor in the hallway and in the small chamber off of the hallway to the west retains its original five to six inch tongue-and-groove pine flooring but the parlor floor has been replaced with narrow pine boards. The original plaster is largely intact but hand-split lath and rose-head nails are visible.

The second floor contains two chambers; the simple mantel in the large bed chamber, which also may have been used as a dining room, has a wide plain frieze that is beaded on the edges. The fireplace surround repeats the triple edge molding that is used throughout the house on the window and door trim.

The small (east) chamber on the second floor was used originally as a pantry according to the present owner. Evidence of shelving remains on the original plaster. On the north wall of this space are two raised stepped shelves that cover the main staircase below. The upstairs hall contains the enclosed attic stair with winders. Beneath the stair is a small closet with a raised four-panel door. An opening has been added to the west wall of the hall to gain access to the second floor of the rear ell.

The second floor contains six-panel doors, plain beaded baseboard, and molded chair rail that is beaded on its lower edge. The five-to-six-inch tongue-and-groove pine flooring is original but the metal rim locks with brown porcelain knobs date from the nineteenth century.

In the finished attic, which is in poor condition, are two small bed chambers with simple beaded baseboard, chair rail, and moldings. The pit-sawn rafters are of mortise and tenon construction

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and the collar beams are dovetailed. The attic flooring is a slightly wider than the floors on the other levels. The attic fireplace opening has been enclosed for a wood burning stove as have the other openings in the original house.

Part of the rear ell is rumored to be an earlier one-and-one-half story weaver's cottage which was moved and attached to the main house in the late nineteenth century. The roof supposedly was raised in the early twentieth century and the large first floor space was divided into a dining room and kitchen. The mantel is a simple Greek Revival design with a segmental-arched, beaded surround. The pilasters, capitals, and bases are plain and the mantel shelf is supported with Victorian-era, sawn brackets. The dining room has wainscoting capped by a simple chair rail with chamfered edges. The south wall contains a paired of two-over-two sash windows that form a bay that adjoins a screened porch. There is a six-panel door and a four-pane transom between the the dining room and parlor. The kitchen has a brick stove flue, narrow pine floors, and several early-twentieth-century wall cabinets. The baseboard and trim are undecorated.

Access is gained to the second story of the ell through a door in the upstairs front hall added in the 1920s in place of a former window. There is also a small enclosed rear stairway in the ell's west chamber that leads down to the kitchen. The large single second floor chamber of the ell was divided into three smaller rooms probably at the same time the access from the original house was added. All of the plain woodwork and five vertical-paneled doors of the second floor of the ell date from the early twentieth century. Flooring throughout this wing is narrow tongue-and-groove pine.

According to earlier descriptions and a previous survey there is a large cooking fireplace in the basement. The original fireplace cranes are still in the possession of the current owner. The concrete slab floor was added sometime in the early part of the twentieth century.

Southwest of the house is a one-story smokehouse with a metal hipped roof. It retains its original beaded cornerboards but the weatherboard siding has been replaced and is applied with wire nails. The original door has three layers of boards: diagonal beaded boards on the exterior; vertical beaded boards in the middle; and on the inside horizontal plain boards and battens. The

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diagonal boards are applied with early rose-head nails. The structure has hand-hewn mortiseand-tenon construction, diagonal framing members, and part of the interior is paneled with narrow beaded boards, probably from the early twentieth century.

There were several other outbuildings on the property that have been demolished including a one-and-one-half-story kitchen/servants' quarters formerly located approximately forty feet south of the present ell, and a carriage house formerly located northeast of the main house off of the approach from an old lane that no longer exists. East of the original house is the grave of Charles B. Carter. The overgrown ruins of a frame barn (circa 1906) is located northeast of the new residence, which was constructed in 1974.

The two contributing buildings are the main house and the smokehouse. The two contributing sites are the ruins of the barn and Charles B. Carter's grave. The noncontributing building is the one-story residence built by the Padgetts in 1974. The barn ruins were too overgrown to photograph.

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Statement of Significance

Constructed in 1795, Mt. Atlas is one of the finest and least altered examples of late Georgian, domestic architecture in Prince William County. Situated on a rising knoll overlooking the Blue Ridge Mountains, the house was built by Peter B. Whiting and later sold to Charles B. Carter, son of Charles Carter, of Shirley. The most important interior feature is the parlor's finely carved and molded classical mantel and overmantel, which is in marked contrast to the relatively simple woodwork throughout the rest of the house. The parlor overmantel includes a circa 1830-1840 portrait of a young lady known as *Maiden in Prayer*. Obviously the work of an itenerant artist, the painting is a unique example in Prince William County of folk portraiture being used for interior architectural decoration. Although in deteriorating condition, Mt. Atlas merits preservation because of its unique interior features and its architectural integrity.

Historical Information

Mt. Atlas is situated near the rural village of Waterfall on land which was originally part of Robert ("King") Carter's 41,600-acre Bull Run Tract, patented in 1724 in the names of his sons, Landon and George Carter, and grandsons, Lewis Burwell, Carter Burwell, Robert Burwell, Mann Page, and Carter Page. The present two-and-one-half-story, Georgian house was built in 1795 by Peter Whiting, who later sold the property in 1801 to Charles B. Carter, of Richmond Hill, son of Charles Carter, of Shirley. Charles B. Carter married his cousin, Ann Beale Carter, daughter of Wormeley Carter, of Sabine Hall, and granddaughter of Landon Carter (1710-1779). Charles B. Carter's only will was written in 1800, prior to his purchase of Mt. Atlas, and apparently was never updated. Upon his death in 1807 a dispute arose over the property's ownership with Ann B. Carter filing "an instrument in writing . . . purporting to be a renunciation of the will of her husband." Despite of her efforts, the property passed to her son, John Hill, a bachelor, who eventually sold it to John W. and Henry B. Tyler.

In 1835 Willis Foley of Fauquier County acquired the property from the Tylers. It is still owned by Foley's great-great-granddaughter. Foley and his wife, Nancy Mallory Foley, had eleven

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children, and upon his death in 1863, the property was divided into eight lots by surveyor Silas Butler, with the house and forty-six acres going to Foley's unmarried daughter, Elizabeth.

Elizabeth Foley willed the property to her niece, Mildred Jackson Smith, the daughter of Richard A. Foley, in 1894. In 1900 Mildred and George Smith sold the forty-six acre tract to the current owner's father, R.B. Gossom. It was during the Gossom's ownership that most of the significant changes were made including the addition of the west ell and the Colonial Revival, hip-roofed porch, circa 1910, that incorporates stones from the old kitchen/servants' quarters in its foundation. The ell is said to be part of an early one-and-one-half-story weaving house that was moved to its present site and raised to two stories in the early twentieth century. The wall construction suggests a remodeling from this period and it is difficult to determine which sections, if any, were part of the earlier structure.

The current owners, Mr. Barton C. Padgett and Mrs. Pauline G. Padgett, purchased the property in 1952, adding the east dormers in the attic. They continued to live in Mt. Atlas until 1974 when structural problems arose in the foundation, and they decided to build the adjacent rambler instead of going to the expense of restoring the early house. As it stands today, Mt. Atlas is in deteriorating condition, but its interiors retain a high degree of architectural integrity, making the house worthy of preservation.

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Bibliographical References

Published Sources

Prince William County Historical Commission. *Prince William: A Past to Preserve*. Prince William County Historical Commission, 1982. pp. 66, 132.

Works Progress Administration Writers' Program. Prince William: The Story of Its People and Its Places. Richmond: Whittet and Shepperson, 1941; 4th ed., (Bicentennial Edition) 1976. p. 183.

Unpublished Sources

Historical photographs and genealogical information on the Willis Foley family. Collection of Mrs. Pauline Padgett, 4105 Mt. Atlas Lane, Haymarket, VA 22069.

Prince William County Records, Prince William County Courthouse, Manassas, Virginia.

Interviews

Mrs. Pauline Padgett 4105 Mt. Atlas Lane Haymarket, VA 22069 June 1988

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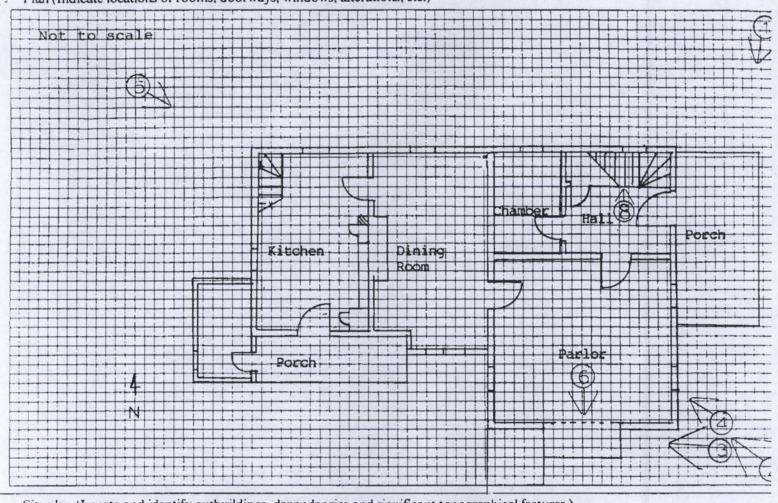
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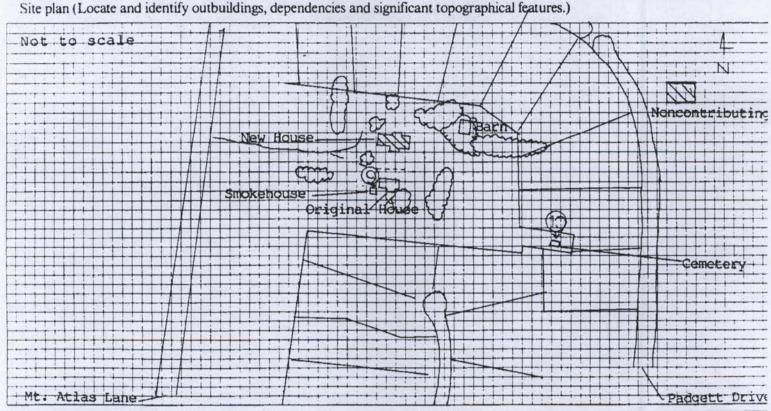
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Verbal Boundary Description

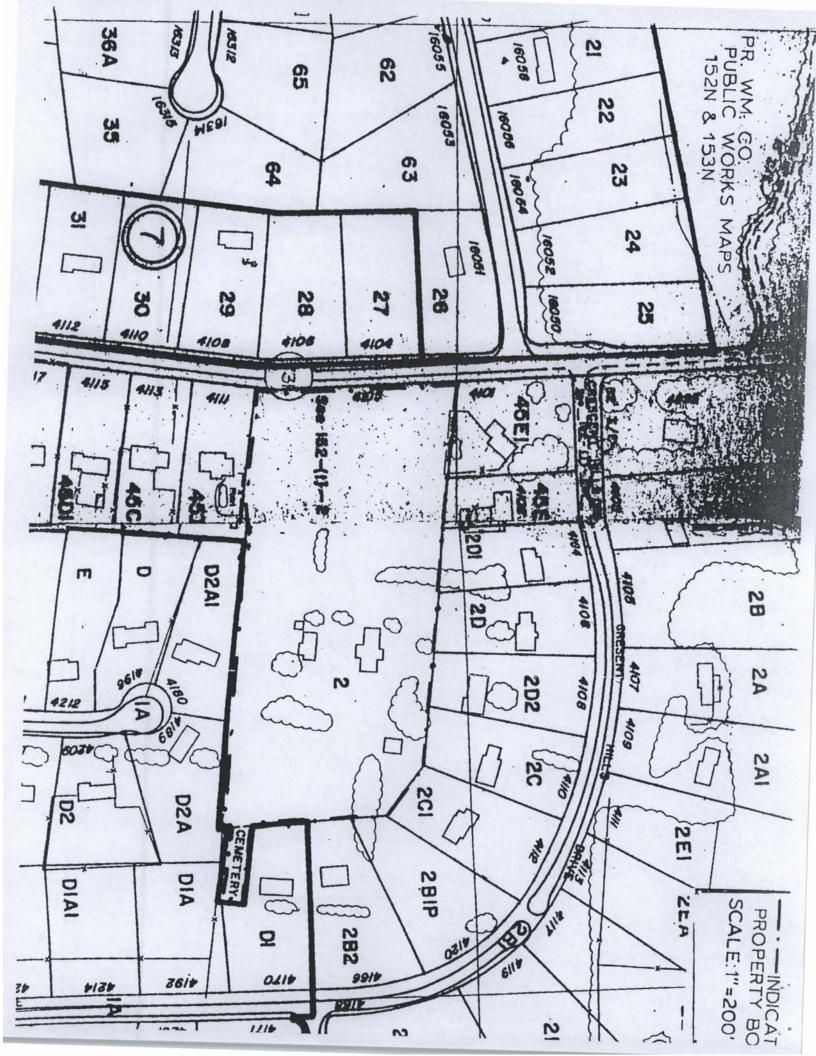
The property occupies parcel 2 of Prince William County Public Works maps # 152N and 153N. Beginning at a point along the east side of Mt. Atlas Lane 230 feet south of the southeast corner of Mt. Atlas Lane and Crescent Hill Drive, proceed in an easterly direction for 780 feet. Then proceed in a southeasterly direction 125 feet. Then proceed in a southerly direction 270 feet. Then proceed in an easterly direction 150 feet. Then proceed in a southerly direction 50 feet. Then proceed in a westerly direction 140 feet. Then proceed in a southerly direction 10 feet. Then proceed in a northwesterly direction 890 feet to the east side of Mt. Atlas Lane. Then proceed in a northerly direction 400 feet along the east side of Mt. Atlas Lane to the point of origin.

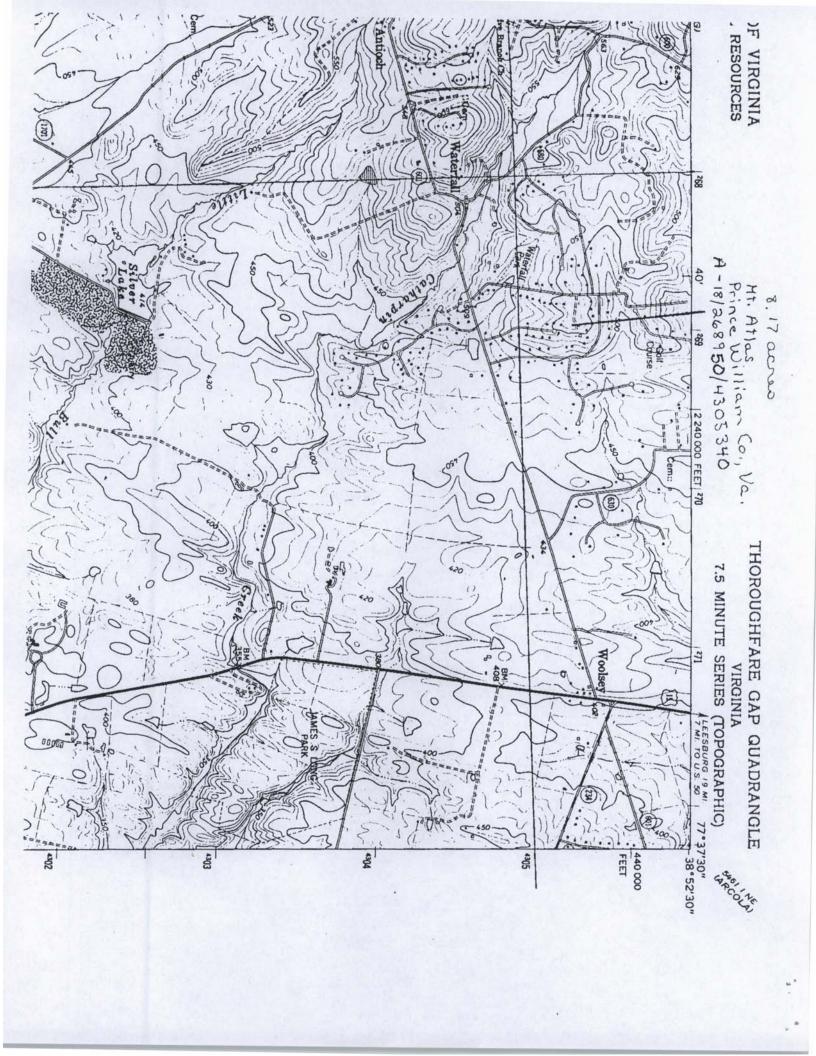
Plan (Indicate locations of rooms, doorways, windows, alterations, etc.)





Name, address and title of recorder
William T. Frazier, Frazier Associates, 213 N. Augusta St., Staunton, VA 24401





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National Register Nomination: Mount Atlas, Prince William County

